The Wilmington Post.

VOLUME X. WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY, AUGUST 10, 1879. Single Copies 5 Cents NUMBER 32

WILMINGTON POST.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Fifty cents per line for the first insertion and twenty-five cents per line for each additional insertion.

Eight (8) lines, Nonpareil type, constitute a square.

All advertisements will be charged at the above rates, except on special contracts.

Special rates can be had for a longer time than one week.

The subscription price to THE WILMINGTON POST is $1 00 per year; six months 75 cents.

All communications on business should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

LATE GENERAL NEWS.

The Zulu war in South Africa has ended by the breaking up of King Cetyway's army and making him a fugitive.

Zack. Chandler of Michigan is making speeches in Maine, giving state rights Democrats and Greenbackers hot shot.

The American Bankers' Association met last week at Saratoga and held solemn discussion upon the gravest of all subjects—money.

Mr, Stoughton, lately our Minister to Russia, says that his salary was $17,500, but that his expenses were double that, Therefore he resigned.

At the late election in Kentucky there was a large falling off of the Democratic vote Evans, the Republican candidate for Governor, spoke in every county during the canvass.

The Hon. W. T. Hamilton of Hagerstown has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Governor of Maryland He was formerly in the United States Senate from Maryland.

Charles Fechter, the noted German actor, died last week near Philadelphia. He had married an American lady for his second wife, to whom he left only a small fortune of about $12,000.

Mr. Secretary Thompson has undertaken to Americanize our navy. He proposes to enlist young Americans from the west, between the ages of 18 and 21, and thus supplant the foreign element among our national sailors.

It is stated that Gen. Chalmers, one of the members of Congress from Mississippi, is going to vindicate the character of General N. B. Forrest, at the meeting of the Southern Historical Society. Chalmers had better be looking after his own character.

For the last week in July the deaths from yellow fever in Memphis were 34 and from other causes 37. But the fever is now spreading and the signs are not hopeful. On Thursday last there were 29 new cases. The worst of apprehensions prevail.

Sitting Bull was the first to run away into Canada for safety, but numerous marauding bands are south of the line yet. Gen. Miles not apprehending battle but watching the movements of the hostiles, finally has reported that Sitting Bull has ceased further hostile measures. Gen. Miles will remain on the Canada frontier until September.

A Washington correspondent of the *Inter Ocean* asserts that there is to be a vigorous renewal of the negro exodus in the fall, and quotes an ex-member of Congress as saying that the exodus was "a sort of spontaneous combustion," and that it would "recommence in volume so large as to astonish everybody" next fall.

The Commissioner of Agriculture, for this state, who with his officers and employees are paid salaries amounting in the aggregate to $8,249 per year, is to be relieved of some of his arduous(?) duties. All he has to do is to answer letters, exhibit his museum and issue a monthly report at the expense of the state, that nobody reads. Big thing, this Department of Agriculture.

EDITOR POST.—During a recent visit to Charleston we had the pleasure of forming the acquaintance of Hon. E. W. Mackey and Col. R. M. Wallace. The first named gentleman is the member of Congress elect from the Charleston district, but who by the free use of the noted tissue ballots, and the rascality of democratic poll holders, was counted out, and so at the recent called session of Congress Col. Mackey's seat was occupied by an individual who had no more right to it than Julius Cæsor. If their is any justice done by the House at their next session Col. Mackey will be seated and the voice of the people of that district, as expressed at the polls, heeded. Col. Wallace holds the position of U. S. Marshal, and is a courteous, high toned gentleman. If the Republicans of South Carolina had a few more such able and fearless leaders, the party in that state instead of being browbeaten and bulldozed by cutthroats and red shirt bullies, would again be in control of affairs.

STALWART REPUBLICAN.

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. ly

WANTED—An active young man to take charge of the Post subscription list, both city and country.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

We will give a TWENTY DOLLAR GOLD PIECE to the person who sends us the largest number of paying Subscribers within the next three months: or by the 15th day of October, 1879.

Lieut. Schenck has gone north to attend the national shooting match.

Rev. J. W. Craig will preach at Dudleys Grove this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

Three children and one adult were interred in Pine Forest Cemetery during the past week.

When will the Sound or Coast Railroad be started. It will certainly pay, and pay well, and we hope to see the stockholders start on it soon.

GRAND EXCURSION.—Jno. W. Whitaman, who gets up the best excursions of anybody in this part of the country, will run a train from Wilmington, to Columbia, and back, on the 18th of August, for only two dollars. Everybody is going.

Lieut. Newcombe, an officer of the Revenue Marine, has been presented with a meerschaum pipe, washed on shore near where the Huron was wrecked, which turns out to have belonged to the son of Dr. James C. Palmer, Surgeon General U. S. N., who went down with the Huron.

The Purcell House of this city is the House for commercial men to stop at. It is the House of the state—one of the very best Houses in North Carolina, and has the clevcrest landlord. Maj. Howell Cobb spares no pains or expense to please his visitors, and he generally succeeds in doing it. Let all stop with Maj. Cobb, at his Palace Hotel, the Purcell House.

MILITARY.—We are informed by Lt. Col. Mabson, commanding 5th battalion, that there will be a meeting of companies A. and B. on Tuesday night, at their armory, to make preparations for appearing at the State Fair of the "North Carolina Industrial Association" to be held in Raleigh on the 18th of November next, to continue one week. The special object of the meeting on Tuesday evening, is to make arrangements so that every officer and soldier shall be fully uniformed on the occasion of the Fair.

THE BROOKLYN FIRE ENGINE:—We are requested to call the attention of the city authorities to the fact that the Brooklyn Engine is in good order, with a full company, and capable of doing good service, but it is rendered utterly useless from the fact that she is not supplied with the necessary hose. Capt. Howe says he has only two lengths of the old leather hose. Many can bear testimony to the disposition always manifested by this company to do their duty in cases of fires when they have the means. We hope they will be supplied with the requisite hose.

ROBBERY AT SMITHVILLE:—Thursday afternoon, between the hours of one and two o'clock, the boarding house of Mr. P. Prioleau, at Smithville, was entered and robbed of considerable money. The thief entered the house through a window opening into Mrs. Draper's sleeping apartment, and while she was at dinner. The window sash was up and the blinds chained in, but the thief succeeded in snapping the links and effecting an entrance. The bureau drawers were found open and from them the money was taken. There is no clue as to the perpetrator of the theft but it is to be hoped that the scoundrel who is bold enough to rob a dwelling in the broad day-light may be caught and dealt with as severely as the law will permit.

ATTEMPT AT ROBERY.—A thief made a bold attempt about 4:30 this morning, at robbery on board the German Brig *Lienen*, lying at the foot of Orange street. He was discovred just as he was going over the gangway, with his plunder wrapped up in a stolen blanket, by a seaman on deck at the time. He gave chase, but the thief dropped his bundle, and having the start, succeeded in making his escape. Finding pursuit useless, he turned, picking up the bundle of stolen goods on his way, and went to work trying to arouse the sleeping victims. When fairly awake, they all complained of singular sensations, and as there was a strong odor of chloroform about them, it is very certain that they were subjected to its influence while the thief engaged in his depredations.

We understand that Messrs. William Larkins & Co., have purchased the Stokley plantation on the sound.

NARROW ESCAPE.—On Thursday last the little six year old son of Mr. Geo. Hewlett, while at play at the sound, ate some of the seeds of the Jamestown weed. In a short time the boy complained of being unwell, and the mother ascertained the cause of his illness and promptly administered remedies. The medicines acted favorably, but before the arrival of the doctor the complexion of the lad turned to a darker hue and became quite spotted. Upon the arrival of medical aid such other restoratives were applied as the urgency of the case demanded, and we are happy to state the boy is now doing well and in a fatr way of an early and complete recovery.

BURGLARY:—Early Sunday morning last the residence of a gentleman living on the corner of Fourth and Red Cross streets, was burglariously entered and robbed of $21. The thieves entered through a door which was open, leading out on a piazza enclosed by lattice work. They took the gentleman's pants off a chair, searched his pockets and discovered a money purse. They dropped the pants in the room, but examined the pocket book on the piazza and after extracting $21 left it on the floor near the door. The robbery was not discovered until the gentleman started to dress for the day. Some gold was left in the pocket book and nothing else about the house was disturbed, but the pants and money. It is supposed that the thief was committed by a novice and by one who was cognizant of the habits of the victim.

While the POST is ever ready to endorse any ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen that has a tendency to advance the interest of the city or its inhabitants, still we are ready also to condemn any act of our City Fathers that to us seems oppressive, and as such, we must pronounce the ordinance passed at the last meeting relative to cattle running at large in the city limits, that the large portion of our citizens who own cattle should be compelled to keep them penned up during this hot weather, simply because a few owners of fine gardens are so careless as to leave open their gates, thus giving free ingress to the few cows who roam our streets, is both burdensome and oppressive. The cattle by the passage of this ordinance are not only deprived of the grass with which our woods abound, but the owners are put to a heavier expense in keeping them in their stables. Never since we have been a resident of this city has such a law been enforced, and we trust that this one will be repealed.

CATTLE THIEVES.—A couple of colored men came into the city Monday last driving two beeves, which they sold to a butcher in the market. The cattle were weighed by the Clerk of the Market, Mr. Lewis M. Williams. The drivers, on being questioned, said that the cattle were brought from Onslow county; but, on further questioning it was ascertained that they were not from that county, and the men were turned over to the tender mercies of Justice Gardner as suspicious characters, while the cattle were locked up to await the appearance of the proper owner. During the forenoon, the real owner of the cattle, who hails from Pender, put in an appearance and claimed the property, The thieves who are men of many names, had a hearing on Tuesday and were committed to jail in default of bond for their appearance before the Criminal Court.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire was sounded about 2 o'clock Friday morning, caused by the burning of a wooden store building, corner Third and Orange streets, occupied as a grocery store by Mr. Richard Teitgen. The alarm was first given by some persons passing along in the street who discovered dense volumes of smoke issuing from the cracks in the door. The alarm was promptly given out but the entire building with its contents was in flames before the department could get there, so thoroughly inflammable was it all.

The building was an old concern, worth probably about $300. It was the property of Mr. Wm. B. Giles, and on it there was no insurance. Mr. Teitgen says that he had about $1,100 of stock on hand; he was insured with Messrs. Jno. W. Gordon & Bro. in the Liverpool, London & Globe, for $800. Mr. Teitgen was at the sound last night and knew nothing of his loss until this morning. There is no clue to the origin of the fire.

There are several frame dwellings in close proximity to the building which was destroyed and the fact that they were saved from the flames is due to the zealous and efficient efforts of the fire department,

Rev. N. M. Jurney will fill the pulpit of the Front Street Methodist Church at the usual hours this morning and evening.

THE AUGUST REGATTA.—The regular August regatta of the Carolina Yacht Club was sailed over the Wrightsville course on Friday last. The race was spirited and hotly contested. Capt. W. A. Cumming, Comodore, O. A. Wiggins and W. A. Wright, Esq., were appointed judges. The boats started as follows:

Restless, Capt. S. P. Cowan, at 1h. 30m.

Frolic, Capt. G. D. Parsley, at 1h. 30m. 40s.

Rosa, Capt. J. M. Cazaux, at 1h. 31m. 37s.

Lizzie, Capt. W. L. Parsley, at 1h. 31m. 40s.

Carolina, Capt. Jno. J. Fowler, at 1h. 32m. 50s.

Ripple, Capt. Norwood Giles, 1h. 33m. 7s.

The Rosa capsized before entering the race losing her dead balance, for which cause she was withdrawn on the first course. The Lizzie lost a man overboard during the race, losing much time in picking him up, and in the opinion of many sacrificed the first prize in the race.

The boats passed the judges at the finish in the following order and time:

	H.	M.	S.
Restless,	3	24	18.
Lizzie,	3	26	30.
Frolic,	3	27	30.
Ripple,	3	30	30.

Actual running time:

	H.	M.	S.
Restless,	1	54	18.
Lizzie,	1	54	50.
Frolic,	1	56	50.
Ripple,	1	57	23.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Shortly after Court was commenced Monday morning the state vs H. Schriver, charged with murder, was called.

The defendant was arraigned and the trial, by consent of Mr. Solicitor Moore, on the part of the state, and the defendant's counsel, M. Bellamy Esq., was set for Friday at 9 o'clock.

The regular docket was then taken up as follows:

State vs Roxanna Hunter, charged with assault; verdict not guilty.

State vs James Capot, charged with trespass; verdict guilty; motion made in arrest of judgment.

State vs James Capot, charged with trespass; verdict not guilty.

State vs Prince Nixon, charged with assault and battery; verdict not guilty.

State vs A. M. Wilson, charged with assault and battery; *nol. pros.* entered.

State vs Andrew Nixon, charged with assault and battery; verdict not guilty.

The following cases were taken up and disposed of by this tribunal thursday, as follows:

State vs Martha Jackson, charged with assault. Verdict guilty. Motion in arrest of judgment. Motion granted and defendant discharged.

State vs Margaret A. Wilson, charged with perjury. Verdict not guilty.

State vs John Green and Henry Loftin, charged with attempting to commit a felony. *Nol pros* entered as to John Green; the case of Henry Loftin still on trial.

In the case of state vs. Schriver, for murder, mentioned above, the jury acquitted.

The 8th anniversary of Germania Lodge, No. 4, K. of P. will be celebrated to-day by that body in the following manner. The members will assemble at their lodge room on Third street, at 4 o'clock, p. m., where appropriate addresses will be delivered, after which the members in a body will visit Oakdale Cemetery for the purpose of decorating the graves of their beloved dead. This being done, the members will quietly retire to their homes. The following are the names, rank and date of death of Germania's dead:

Henry Haar, Jr., P. C., Sept. 18th, 1872.

Henry Bremer, Knight, July 8d, 1874.

Wm. Hotendorf, P. C., May 19th, '75

Henry Lafrenz, P. C., July 29th, 1877.

Henry Kokowsky, C. C., Aug. 25th, 1877.

A. C. H. Fincken, P. C., October 6th, 1877.

John C. Koch, P. C., November 18th, 1877.

Wm. Herzog, Knight, August 10th, 1878.

C. F. Burkhardt, M. D., Knight, April 10th, 1879.

In our opinion our friends of Germania could not have decided to observe their anniversary day in a more fitting manner. They show by this act that, although their departed brethren are numbered with the dead, and sleep their last sleep, their memories are not forgotten by those who survive them.

BEAUTIFUL PICTURES FOR ALL.—The Great Art Publishing House of George Stinson & Co., of Portland, Maine, moves steadly on the even tenor of its way, apparently not feeling the dull times. During the year 1878 they sold over Four Million pictures of all descriptions. They publish every description of fine pictures, and the prices range from ten cents upwards to twenty dollars per copy. Their correspondence for this large business is immense; they receive, on an average, over one thousand letters per day. Messrs. Stinson & Co. publish only the better class of pictures, and it is well known that anything coming from this reliable house is of standard merit. We have just received copies of four very fine steel engravings, which they have just brought out. The plates were engraved in LONDON, at an expense of four thousand pounds sterling, or twenty thousand dollars, to which great sum must be added the customs duty of twenty-five per cent on account of their being imported into the United States. These engravings are after paintings by great modern masters of art, and the artists who engraved the plates stand in the front rank of the worlds renowned engravers.

It is believed, and generally conceded, that these engravings make up the finest and most elegent set of works of high art ever brought out by American publishers. This enterprising firm, though many years in the Art Publishing business, have not grown old and unprogressive, but on the other hand make improvement and progress year by year, giving the people better and better pictures for the same or less money. They may, we feel sure, fairly claim to stand at the head of the Art Publishing business in America. We can only understand the colossal proportions their trade has assumed by remembering that this is a great and mighty nation of nearly fifty million people. We cannot better illustrate the magnitude of their business than to state the amount of money paid by them for postage stamps during years 1876, 1877 and 1878. We have the figures direct from the firm, or we should think there was some error. In 1876, they paid for postage $33,104 62. In 1877, they paid for postage $37,268.76. In 1878 the amount of money that they paid for postage stamps was simply enormous—a little over $50,000 00.—Stinson & Co. stand among the largest and most judicious advertisers in the county, and a short time since paid in a single day $24,000 00 in cash on a contract for advertising. They employ agents everywhere through out the United State and Dominion of Canada for the sale of their pictures by subscription; we call attention to their advertisement for agents in another column. Those who need pleasant, profitable work should correspond with them.

Besides paying the large amounts of postage stated above, their express and freight bills are enormous—only small orders are sent by mail, the larger being sent by express and freight. American homes should be made beautiful by refined works of art, and prices for really meritorious pictures are now so low that there can be no excuse for the walls to remain gloomy, unadorned and cheerless. American homes should be made beautiful, and the tendency of this will be to make more refined and beautiful the lives of all dwellers therein.

CLEVELAND, SPRINGS, N. C.,
August 5th, 1879.

DEAR POST:—The Cleveland Springs seem more popular than ever, this summer.

"Some are coming, some are going,
Do not strive to note them all,"

But none leave without regret. The Cape Fear region is represented by Judge R. P. Buxton, Mrs. Rebecca Bledsoe Buxton, of Fayetteville; Mr. and Mrs. Ed. French, Mr. Sam. Bear wife and family, Mrs. Clark and Mrs. Emerson, of Wilmington. South Carolina is well represented. The Springs are well kept. Those in the enjoyment of health find much to amuse and please, whilst the sick are cheered by the consciousness of being daily strengthened and renewed.

SOJOURNER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

$66 A WEEK in your town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men,—Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 Outfit free.—Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address

H. HALLETT & CO.,
aug 10—1y Portland, Maine

$300 A MONTH guaranted. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address

august 10-1y TRUE & CO, Augusta, Me

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SALE OF

The Wilmington, Columbia And Augusta Rail Road,

Under Decree of Foreclosure

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Circuit Court of the United States, for the District of North Carolina, 4th Judicial District, made in the case of George S. Brown and Enoch Pratt, trustees complainants, against The Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Rail Road Company, Defendant, the undersigned, Duncan J. Devane, Commissioner appointed by said decree, will sell by public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, in the state of North Carolina, on WEDNESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D., 1879, at 12 o'clock, M., the entire Rail Road, as the same exists and is now used, known as the WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA RAIL ROAD, extending from the City of Wilmington, in the state of North Carolina to the City of Columbia, in the state of South Carolina, a distance of One Hundred and Ninety-One Miles, with all the Railways, Rights of Way, Depot Grounds, and other Lands, Tracks, Bridges, Viaducts, Depots, Station Houses, Engine Houses, Car Houses, Freight Houses, Wood Houses, Machine Shops, and all other shops, Houses or Buildings, and all Locomotives, Tenders, Cars and other Rolling Stock or Equipments, and all Machinery, Tools, Implements, Fuel and Material of any kind for constructing, operating, repairing or replacing the said Rail Road, or any part thereof, and all Appurtenances or Fixtures of the same, belonging to, or purchased by said before named defendant, together with all and singular the Corporate Rights, Franchises and privileges of th said above named defendant, as the same are set forth in the Indenture of Mortgage referred to in the Bill filed in said case, and all the estate, rights, title, interest property claim and demand of said defendant, in and to any and all Real and Personal Property, or effects herein before referred to, or which is owned by said defendant.

TERMS OF SALE.

The purchaser will be required to pay in Cash, on the day of sale, or within Thirty (30) Days thereafter, the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars, and the residue of the purchase money in three equal payments, at Three, Six and Nine Months, from the day of sale, with interest from that date at the rate of six per centum per annum. The purchaser or purchasers may pay any part of the purchase money not required to be paid in Cash, in any of the outstanding bonds, or the coupons thereof, secured by the mortgage, or deed of trust, referred to in the Bill and decree in said cause, to the extent of the pro rata percentage of the par value of the said bonds and coupons which the holders thereof will be entitled to receive upon the distribution of the proceeds of the said sale under the aforesaid decree. The certificates of indebtedness mentioned in the Bill and decree in this cause, will be received in payment of the purchase money except the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars above mentioned, at the same rate as coupons of the mortgage bonds, provided that the coupons pledged as collaterals for said certificates, and to a like amount therewith, shall accompany and be surrendered with the said certificates.

Possession will be delivered to the purchaser whenever and so soon as one half of all the purchase money shall have been paid to the undersigned Commissioner, and the purchaser or purchasers shall have assumed all the contracts and liabilities of the Receiver heretofore appointed in this cause, and shall have indemnified him against the same, and when the Court shall so order under the terms of the decree,

DUNCAN J. DEVANE,
Commissioner
aug3—to 1

REASONS WHY

PERRY DAVIS'

PAIN - KILLER

IS THE

Best Family Medicine of the Age.

And why it should be kept always near at hand:

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. PAIN-KILLER, as a Diarrœa and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affects a cure.

4th. PAIN-KILLER will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c

6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chill Fever; it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequaled for Frost Bites, Chilblains, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cas of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows Old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a dollar in time and Doctor's bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty-seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and buy the genuine. Every Druggist, and nearly every Country Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

P. D. & Co.-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ.

We stood at an open window
Leaning far over the sill,
And if something hadn't happened
We might have stood there still;
But we reached for a banging shutter
In a blinding northeast breeze,
So our friends will have to be invited
To join in the obsequies.

IF WE COULD ONLY HAVE KNOWN what a storm was brewing (in a teapot), and how far off that shutter was, we should never have ventured our head outside of that window; but it is too late for regrets now; we are nonplussed, completely squelched, have been sat upon, and our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend the obsequies on

SATURDAY NEXT

and we stake our reputation on its being the grandest funeral they ever witnessed.

As he slips he slides, and every time he slides he slips up most woefully. We leave our "kind friends" to find out the meaning of the above, and while they are doing so we will ask the following questions:

Havn't we the ugliest and dirtiest store in the State?

Havn't we the poorest stock of goods in Wilmington?

Havn't we made prices much highe since we commenced?

Havn't we been very unaccommodating and impolite to you?

Havn't we charged you for all he goods delivered?

Havn't we made a great many mistakes and refused to correct them when our attention was called thereto?

All of our friends who answer "yes" to the above questions will please not buy from us any more. Respectfully and truly,

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.

In glancing over last Sunday's paper we regretted to notice the tacit acknowledgment from some of our brother grocers that we had taken away part of their trade, and making an appeal to the others not to leave them. We regret this exceedingly, especially as they were so kind and considerate about our coming to grief, but suppose, as we have determined to do the

LARGEST RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS

ever done in Wilmington. we will in the future have to keep from being so tender hearted, and CUT DOWN PRICES a little more.

THE BLOODY CHASM HAS BEEN BRIDGED OVER.

THE LITTLE JOKERS are not quite gone.

A fine line of TOILET SOAPS received to-day, very low down.

The OLD CAPE FEAR is flourishing and MARTELLE swimming.

We have been over and smoked that "Cigar of Peace," (a fine Havana it was), but still think it would be bad policy to stop furnishing the papers with our fine literary productions, as they have the tendency to keep prices very low, which we, of course, with all other good grocers, desire; only want enough left to pay for clerk's hire, store rent and taxes.

NOT PURITANICAL.

Although opposed to the drinking of Liquors, P. L. BRIDGERS & CO., are not puritanical enough to refuse to sell them, as they think no FIRST CLASS GROCERY STORE can afford to be without; but they promise the ladies that they would never find out there was any on the premises, as it must be taken elsewhere to be drunk.

BUMGARDNER,

STUART'S DEW and

DURHAM OLD RYE

received this week.

TRY OUR BUTTER AND LARD!

The purest, oldest, and best CORN WHISKEY in the State, to be bought only at

P. L BRIDGERS & CO'S.

P. S.—We feel highly flattered at the notice taken of our advertisements, especially by a fellow grocer, who was not surprised at th eabsence of our usual Sunday morning ad, on account of one of our friends having gone to New York Saturday night.

dec 15 P. L. B. & CO.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Ed'r & Prop'r.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10, 1879.

The Washington *Republican* will please recollect the name of this paper is the Wilmington POST and not the *Journal*.

The Wilmington *Journal expired* many years ago, but the Wilmington POST is still alive and prosperous. Will the *National Republican* make a note of that.

Ben Hill of Georgia has an immensely active brain on a given subject, such as a law question. But there is a wildness approaching insanity in some of his political sayings. He has carried his intellectual eccentricities to such an extent that nobody places any reliance on his political opinions. He is a sort of southern Wendell Phillips, but not by any means a composed, self-contained and philosophic Garrison.

DEPRESSED BUSINESS.

To every serious mind the present depression of business in our state is a cause of great solicitude. It is believed by many that we are growing poorer each year; that as a society we had less money after we had made the last crop than we had after it was sold. We confess, and we are certain that we express the opinion of many of the best business men in the state, that we see no present evidences of increasing prosperity. In every feature there is gloom.

It is difficult to sum up the causes of our present depression. The first that presents itself to the mind of everybody who reasons, is the enormous reduction of our assets by the results of the war. It was undoubtedly as much as 75 per cent of the whole wealth. It amounted, in the eleven seceding states to nearly twice as much as the national debt was when it was largest. This absolute loss of so large a portion of all the property of a region was the primary cause of the present condition.

Then there are a great variety of other reasons. The southern states are not an industrious people in the sense which enables them to compete with the old free labor populations of the north. A less proportion of the whole able bodied population actually are producers than in the north. The agriculture is not reduced so much to a system as it is in the old free communities. Of course there is almost a total absence of all kinds of manufactures in our state. The hats, boots and clothes which we wear, the chairs we sit on, the stove and all the cooking utensils, the ploughs and other tools, nearly everything we look at when our eyes are open, are made outside the state. As we sit at the table writing and glance about without looking up, the lamp, the pen, the paper, the inkstand, the table on which we write and the chair on which we sit—nearly everything around us was made out of our state. What a great loss is here! Certainly, for these and such articles as are bought out of the state, there is paid at least $1,000,000 annually which might be kept here if our people would make them.

There is another reason which we may mention. There has lately been some excitement lest the colored people should leave the state and emigrate to the old free states. So far as this state is concerned, the colored emigration is only the merest fraction. But the whites are emigrating largely. A hundred whites leave to one colored. Our young men are going to Texas, to Arkansas, and to the north west and to the territories. It is a growing evil, if it is an evil to lose an able bodied citizen. We do not pretend to make an estimate of the amount of emigration of this kind, but we believe the next census will make a showing which will astound people. When an able bodied man leaves the state the body politic loses not less than $1,200.

Do we get any considerable amount of immigration to offset this emigration? Next to nothing. A few scattering here and there. We received 8 foreigners one year as against 200,000 which went to some states. We can hardly trust ourselves to say what we think on this subject. If ever there was a subject material to the welfare of a state trifled with and mismanaged, immigration has been in North Carolina. The first few thousand who came directly after the war brought not less than an average of $5,000 each. Many of them have gone away with less money than they brought, and few could leave to-day with as much as they brought. We abstain from discussing the reasons of their leaving. But it is enough to know that we are getting nothing, or next to nothing, either of people or capital from outside. We are aware how difficult it is to secure a sudden rush of immigrants to a region already settled with an old population with fixed habits and ideas. It took the Saxons more than five hundred years to get entire control of England, and that they did only as against the indifferent Britons by wars and fighting. There has been no instance in all history where a rush of peaceful immigrants moved suddenly to an old settled country. But we might with proper management have received within our limits 200,000 or more producers with capital before this time.

When are we to be any better off? is the serious question. And how? We have waste land enough to support easily another million of people. The land holders would be better off if they gave away half their land to real and working settlers. If we could get a hundred thousand settlers a year for the next decade we would be on a road to prosperity such as is Kansas, and Missouri, and Nebraska and Minnesota

ANOTHER COLORED MAN KILLED.

A white man by the name of Walker killed a colored man by the name of Bell, in the county of Pender, seme months ago; he cut bell down with an axe, and then made his escape. We have been looking in vain for the County Commissioners to offer a reward for Walker's arrest, but up to this time the long looked for proclamation has not made its appearance, and the way the matter now looks it never will. Had Walker been killed by Bell, the colored man; had the tables been turned, and the colored man killed the white man, the whole state would have been very thoroughly, but very properly, searched for the murderer. But when the white Democrat is the culprit and the fugitive from justice, the said Democratic County Commissioners dare not have any thing to say about the outrageous murder. "Let justice be done, though the fall." The law should be made for all alike, not for Republicans alone. How can the officers of the law expect to be respected as long as they make it their business to prosecute one class of people on the slightest pretext, and let another class go scot free.

We have charged time and again, and we now repeat, that there has never been a white Democrat hung or punished in this state, or the south, for killing a colored Republican. The general rule seems to be, if a man kills one negro. to make him a magistrate; if he kills two, then he is made a sheriff or member of the legislature; if he kills three, he is an eligible candidate for Judge or Governor. We believe there are many honest Democrats, who would like to see crime punished, but they are very largely in the minority in that that party. The majority of them think and act on the opinion, that a white Democrat who kills a colored Republican should be rewarded with the confidence of the party.—Walker ought to apply to the Post Office Department for an office.

Grady, the J. P. of Cape Fear township, had a boy before him some weeks ago for refusing to work on the road. The boy's mother was present and offered to testify that her son was not 18 years of age. Mr. Grady told her she could swear to it if she wanted to do so, but it would do her no good. So he found the boy guilty any way. The defendant paid two dollars of the costs and Grady gave him some time to pay the balance. As soon as the boy got out of court he went to see an uncle in Duplin county and got a transcript of his family record from the family Bible, and his mother accompanied him to see Mr. Grady and requested Mr. Grady to examine the transcript. Whereupon Mr. Grady flew into a passion and cursed the old woman like a sailor, and immediately committed the boy to jail, saying that he was not going to have any d--d negroes doubting his judgment. Mr. Marsden Bellamy was employed, and wrote to Mr. Grady to grant the boy an appeal. Mr. Grady refused, and sent Mr. Bellamy word that he (Grady) knew his business and should attend to it. As soon as Mr. B. received the message he went to Judge Meares and laid the matter before him, and after hearing Mr. Bellamy's statement, his Honor wrote a note to his Worship, J. P. Grady, to send down the appeal papers at once. When Mr. Grady received this note he at once came to the city, asked the sheriff for the commitment and as soon as it was handed to him he destroyed it and told the sheriff to discharge the boy. Mr. Bellamy heard of the action of Mr. Grady and demanded the two dollars back, which was also handed over. The outrageous conduct of Mr. Grady toward the boy, and the corruption of the transaction, needs no comment at our hands—words will not express our opinion of the matter.

The latest news from Mississippi, in the bulldozing business, has made a lot more of eligible candidates for route agents, and Lord Terrell should send his representative, a sneak, who does his dirty work for him, and who was in our city a short time since, down with their commissions at once. Of course, if a few negroes had been killed it would have been more binding, but we suppose they have done enough to merit their appointment. Therefore, we have no doubt but they will receive their reward very soon, as Lord Terrell has the contract to look after this matter.

O, when, O, when, will Lord Terrell put in an appearance in our city; the people would like to pay their respects to him when he comes with a torchlight procession and a bushel of eggs.

We hope his Honor, Judge Meares, will have his grand jury to investigate the outrageous conduct of Justice Grady this court.

The people of Cape Fear township need the sympathy of all good people for the curse of Grady's justice

MAINE.

It seems difficult to an outsider to believe that two such incongruous elements as the Democrats and Greenbackers in Maine can maintain the same sort of an organization which they did last year. Two dissimilar parties which have no principle in common, unless it may the offices and their emoluments, do not get on well together. The coalition in Massachusetts in 1850, between the proslavery Democrats and Free Soilers, two positively opposite elements, fell apart and dissolved the very next year. But out of their trade they did such odd things as to elect Mr. Boutwell, then a Democrat, Governor; Henry Wilson, a Whig, president of the Senate; Banks, then a Democrat, speaker of the house of representatives; and Charles Sumner, a positive anti-slavery man, a United States Senator. The combination in Maine is almost as dissonant. Such Republicans as broke off last year and acted with the Greenbackers, are now led by old Mr. Bradbury, a dyed-in-the-wool Democrat, and Mr. Pillsbury, a stiff Democrat, whom they are expected to elect next year to the United States Senate in place of Mr. Hamlin.

Senator Blaine, the best manager on the Republican side in that state, is directing the canvass for them. A correspondent of the New York *Times* says of him:

Senator Blaine has a delightful place here, facing the state house grounds and park, from which he directs the Republican campaign. Every detail of the canvass is intrusted implicitly to his care. No one seems to wish to dispute his authority or disobey his orders. He is looked up to as the trusted commander of a great army, and he accepts the responsibility given him, and is planning and conducting the canvass with a firm belief in success. Except in a very few places in the state, where his influence and advice are supposed to be all-powerful among the Republicans, he will make no speeches in the present canvass, simply contenting himself with the general direction of its affairs. He will look up to the Legislative and Senatorial districts, watch the Democratic and Greenback combinations, and direct his efforts to such points as the opposition seems to be determined to capture. The management of this campaign is, therefore, no easy task, and if he should win his power and influence in the state would be more extended, if possible, than ever.

* * * * * * *

The union and association between the two elements of opposition to the Republicans are too close and too public to admit of misconstruction. But the fact that such a union exists does not rest upon conjecture, for the leaders of both wings of the opposition freely admit, and rather take a pride in, the fact that they are, while proceeding by different methods, really making a contest with a single end in view.

* * * * * * *

The bargain with the Democrats this year, therefore, is made by the Greenbackers with the single purpose in view of getting control of the state government, the understanding between the leaders being that the Democrats shall contribute their strength, both in the preliminary contest before the people and in the legislature, if that body should finally be called upon to decide the Gubernatorial contest, to the election of Smith, the Greenback candidate as Governor. Next year, when a United States Senator is to be chosen, they are to get their reward for this valuable service, and it is no longer a secret that Pillsbury, the real manager of the combination, is a candidate for Senator Hamlin's seat. By reason of this arrangement, and from his associations with and influence upon the Greenback element, in the management of the present campaign, he, no doubt, expects to push his chances for the Senatorship far ahead of his competitors, if there should be any chance of making a successful contest when the Senatorial election is held.

In order to defeat this combination against the Republicans, and carry the legislature the Republicans must carry the Senate as they did last year, and gain 11 in the house in order to overcome the combined Democratic and Greenback majority. This is a precaution in case there is no election for Governor by the people.

But it is evident that the canvass is to be made by the Republicans for electing both the Governor and the legislature by the people. In this it is to be hoped they will succeed, as they will if sagacity, skill, and determination can do it. These tri-cornered fights, where they exist in a state, render the whole canvass more complex, and furnishes chances for sharp figuring.

Justice of the Peace Grady seems to think that his court is the highest in the land. When he finds a defendant guilty he does not allow an appeal.

The Smallest Baby in Ohio.

From the Columbus (Ohio) Journal, July 30.

Mention was made some time ago of the remarkable baby of Mr. and Mrs. Armitage, of this city. Mrs. Armitage has been visiting friends in the northern part of the state for several weeks, and returned to this city a week ago. She was called on at the Hopkins House, where she and her husband board, and was kind enough to let a newspaper intruder see the little creature. The little girl is now 4 months old, and lacks a few ounces of weighing five pounds. At its birth this babe weighed just three-fourths of a pound, and an ordinary finger ring which was placed on its arm would go easily to the elbow. When two months old it weighed two pounds, when 10 weeks old three pounds, and now at four months it weighs five pounds. It is as perfect as any child can be, and is notably healthy and good-natured. It is bright, and has more expression in its face than is usual for babes at its age. Mr. Armitage is an engineer on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis road.

MR. COMMISSIONER GRADY OF CAPE FEAR TOWNSHIP.

Will some friend who knows Mr. Commissioner Grady please inform the Post whether it is ignorance or corruption that causes this man Grady to act in the manner he does. As a Justice of the Peace, he is either one of the biggest and most stupid fools in the world, or he is very corrupt. The public are entitled to know which it is. We shall try to keep our readers informed of some of the irregularities of this fellow. The people of his township have been truly cursed by having such a man holding so important an office in their township.

THE DARIEN CANAL SCHEME.

The agents which our government sent to the Congress of scientists assembled at Paris to consider the subject of an inter-oceanic canal across at or near the Isthmus of Darien, have made a report to the Secretary of State on the subject. It appears that conflicting interests of different corporations proposing to build the canal, affected the action of the Congress. Admiral Ammen of our Navy, one of our commissioners after giving certain details in his report says:

"From the first sitting, it was quite apparent that there were two parties of what we would call 'speculators,' the one represented by Mr. Blanchet, who had an unconfirmed grant from the Nicaraguan government, and Lieut. Wyse, of the French Navy, who had a grant from the Colombian government, embracing, with a reservation, the right to construct a ship canal over any part of her territory, the reservation applying, as I understand it, to the already conceded right of the Panama Railroad. The presumed grant to Lieut. Wyse was published in the New York *Herald* nearly one year ago Lieut. Wyse has the powerful support of M. De Lesseps. I need hardly add that, though the Geographical Societies of Paris, and the method of appointing 'delegates' to the congress, the latter is quite able to have any desired majority on a vote relating to the respective merits of the Nicaragua and Panama routes. It was quite apparent, as the routes were presented and discussed, that the able engineers generally regard themselves on the side of the Nicaragua route." On the 27th, the final, full meeting of the congress took place, to hear the report of the Technical Committee, and vote on the resolution in favor of the Panama route. The hall was densely crowded, and there were enthusiastic manifestations of approval whenever a vote of "yes" was given, which Admiral Ammen says would hardly have been the case had the audience regarded the selection as depending wholly on natural conditions or physical causes. The vote resulted—yeas 75, nays 8, abstaining from a vote 16, making a total of 99 out of the 135 delegates on that list.

Admiral Ammen then draws the following conclusions from the proceedings and action of the congress:

First—That personal interests, arising from a concession for the construction of a canal, are unfavorable to a relative consideration of natural advantages as between two or more routes; that such personal interests did exist was quite apparent from first to last, and the "concession" was frequently partially discussed or alluded to, especially in the committees or sub-committees.

Second—That the discussion in Paris has shown that hereafter, in the examination of the question, only the Nicaragua and Panama routes need critical examination, and that sufficient information exists as to all other routes.

Third—That the canal *a'niveau*, by the Isthmus of Panama, either with or without a tunnel, has been shown to be hopelessly impracticable if considered as a commercial question.

Fourth—That a general and special knowledge now exists among the European engineers relative to the subject of a ship canal across the American continent, which did not exist prior to the assembly of the congress in Paris.

"In view of the actualities," Admiral Ammen says, "it seems proper that the government of the United States should consider the question of the inte-oceanic ship canal as still undetermined, notwithstanding the report of its commission on the subject, which has received acceptance by the people of the United States, and by our able civil engineers, inas it has not received a critiicism. Should this be regarded as advisable, it would seem necessary to form a commission of the ablest engineers of the army, and to invite the ablest civil engineers of our country, and as well invite all the governments who represented at the congress in Paris to send their engineers, all to join join in full discussion and have full discussion and have equal powers, with the view of removing it from all extraneous influences of concessions or other objects than the consideration of the construction of a ship canal across this continent, capable of fulfilling the demands of the world's commerce under the most economic conditions."

Mr. Meneceai, our other, delegate exposed in the congress the impossibility ty of getting navigable water either by canal or tunnel on the Panama route, and says:

He exposed the hopelessness of an attempt to make a ship canal route on that route *a'niveau*; pointed out beyond controversy that if so made there would be a cataract of the river Chagres at Matachin of 42 feet, which in periods of floods, would be 98 feet high; of a body of water that would be 36 feet deep, with a width of 1,500 feet. The surprise and painful emotion on the part of those who had plans *a'niveau*, and of their very many friends in attendance, can hardly be conceived.—The fact stared them in the face that the plans which they had presented so confidently were absolutely impracticable. There was, however, after a day or so, a presentation of plans and estimates of the cost of execution, quite independent of a sufficient knowledge of the topography, upon which only could they properly be based. Mr. Menocai went on to explain how a water supply was obtainable, and that, owing to the floods of the Chagres river it was impossible to lower the bottom of the canal below the height of the aqueduct, as proposed by him, crossing the river at Matachin. When he had concluded his presentation of the Panama route, he stated that he would be happy to answer any questions which might be proposed. Not a question was asked. On the 21st a general session occurred, and the report of the committee on tunneling was read. This committee was composed of the ablest engineers in Europe in that branch of engineers. It is sufficient to state, in brief, that it arrived at the impracticability, at whatever cost, of constructing a tunnel *a'niveau*; that is to say, to secure navigable waters at the ocean level by the Panama route.

A Child Eaten by an Alligator.

[From the Augusta (Ga.) News, July 21.]

The following is an extract from a letter written from Tampa, Fla., to a gentleman of this city, and received this morning:—

"Last Friday morning, having eaten breakfast, Mr. Aaron Strickland, a well-to-do young farmer, who lives about five miles from Tampa, started out to do some work in the woods. His little child, a boy of eighteen months old, started after him, but was driven back and began to play about the door. No more attention was paid to it for the space of half an hour, when it was missed by its mother, who searched and called in vain. With a beating heart, and fearing she knew not what, she started out to inform her husband of the fact, which she did.

"He at once roused the whole neighborhood and scoured the woods in every direction for his lost darling. The news of the child's disappearance flew like wildfire, and people flocked from Tampa and for miles from the surrounding country to join in the search. A false clew, found on the morning of the second day, caused the search to take a wrong direction. Several small foot-prints were found near a field a mile from Mr. Strickland's place, but proved to be those of a little negro child, who had accompanied its mother in the search. Many were of the opinion that the child had fallen into the pond near by, but it was discovered, as before stated, that the tracks were not those of the lost baby. The search then took a northerly direction, and on the third day of the search, Sunday, traces of blood, a mass of tangled hair, and the child's apron were found about twenty steps from the horse pond, a body of water about two miles from Strickland's farm. A dark object was seen floating in the water, near where the apron was found, and with which two aligators were found playing. The suspicion of two of the party, Messrs. Lewis Strickland and Thomas, were aroused and they swam out to it, but what was their horror to find it to be a part of the body of the lost child. On arriving at the bank an examination showed that the head, arms, shoulders and legs were gone. One leg appeared to have been torn from the socket, while the other was bitten off at the thigh. The parents are perfectly frantic with grief and have the deepest sympathy of the whole community."

Martha Washington's Watch—A Relic Purchased for the Washington Headquarters at Newburg.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Aided by several wealthy citizens, the Trustees of Washington's Headquarters, in this city, have just purchased and placed in that venerable structure a most valuable and interesting relic, which is a gold watch made in London for Mrs. Martha Curtis, on the order of Gen. Washington, just previous to the marriage of the General to that lady. Gen. Washington had two love affairs, the first being with Mary Phillipse, who after a time refused his hand, and in 1756 became the wife of Robert Morris. In 1758 Gen. Washington met Mrs. Martha Curtis, and was married to her in 1759. Commemorative of this match is this old watch, which was presented by Washington to his bride-elect. The recipient wore it for many years after she became Mrs. Washington, and while at Mount Vernon, after the clash of arms had ceased, she presented it to a favorite niece, who afterward became Mrs. Halyburton, of Virginia. That old lady presented the heirloom to her son, James D. Halyburton, who, at the breaking out of the rebellion, was the owner of an extensive plantation and many slaves in Virginia. The emancipation proclamation and the success of the Federal arms left the Halyburtons poor, and the watch was placed on the market by its owner. It was purchased by the late Enoch Carter, of this City, who, during his lifetime, was a devoted relic hunter, and by whom many of the most valuable articles in the Headquarters were bequeathed to that institution. On the death of Mr. Carter, the watch was sold to settle up his estate, and purchased by Mrs. Ryer, a sister of the deceased gentleman. This lady died over a year ago, and the valuable time piece has been bought from her heirs, so that it can be placed and preserved in that building which its first owner graced with her presence.

The watch bears the name of its maker, "Barwie, London, No. 743." It is of the old fashioned "bull's eye" pattern, reduced in thickness. The handsome gold case is inlaid with white enamel around the edge of the back and face. The hour marks are numerals, and over the figures are the words "Martha Curtis," one letter being over each figure. The watch shows signs of its great age, the cases being worn and the dial cracked in several places.

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$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR or $5 to $20 a day in you own locality No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cts to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making was ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorrble. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up pour mind for yourself.—Address GEORGE STINSON & CO, Portland Maine
august 10-1y

SEND TO F, G, RICH & CO., Portland, Maine, for best Agency Business in the World. Expensive outfit free. may 18—1y.

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LIFE IN A BOTTLE.

The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known to the World—No More Use For Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons—Life for the Blood, Strength For the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC.

Believing that by cleansing the blood and building up the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, catarrh, very much broken down in constitution, &c., and after trying the best physicians and paying out my money for many kinds of medicines advertised without finding a permanent cure, I began doctoring myself, using medicines made from roots and herbs. I fortunately discovered a wonderful Bitters or Blood Cleanser, the first bottle of which gave me new life and vigor, and in time effected a permanent cure. I was free from catarrh, my lungs became strong and sound, being able to stand the most severe cold and exposure, and I have gained over thirty pounds in weight. Feeling confident that I had made a wonderful discovery in medicine, I prepared a quantity of the Root Bitters, and was in the habit of giving them away to sick friends and neighbors. I found the medicine effected the most wonderful cures of all diseases caused from humors or scrofula in the blood, Imprudence, Bad Stomach, Weakness, Kidney Disease, Torpid Liver, &c., &c. The news of my discovery in this way spread from one person to another until I found myself called upon to supply patients with medicine far and wide and I was induced to establish a laboratory for compounding and bottling the Root Bitters in large quantities, and I now devote all my time to this business.

I was at first backward in presenting either myself or discovery in this way to the public, not being a patent medicine man and with small capital, but I am getting bravely over that. Since I first advertised this medicine I have been crowded with orders from druggists and country dealers, and the hundreds of letters I have received from persons cured, prove the fact that no remedy ever did so much good in so short a time and had so much success as the Root Bitters. In fact, I am convinced that they will soon take the lead of all other medicines in use. Nearly one hundred retail druggists, right here at home in Cleveland, now sell Root Bitters, some of whom have already sold over one thousand bottles.

Root Bitters are strictly a medicinal preparation, such as was used in the good old days of our forefathers, when people were cured by some simple root or plant, and when calomel and other poisons of the mineral kingdom were unknown.

They act strongly on the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels regular and build up the nervous system. They penetrate every part of the body, searching out every nerve, bone and tissue from the head to the feet, cleansing and strengthening the fountain springs of life, hence they must reach all diseases by purification and nourishment.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailments is, use Root Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life.

Thousands of persons in all parts of the country are already using ROOT BITTERS, They have saved many lives of consumptives, who had been given up by friends and physicians to die, and have permanently cured many old chronic cases of Catarrh Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and skin Diseases, where all other treatments had failed. Are you troubled with sick headache, costiveness, dizziness, weakness, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, and broken down in consitution? You will be cured if you take ROOT BITTERS. Have you humors and pimples on your face or skin? Nothing will give you such good health, strength, and beauty as ROOT BITTERS.

☞ I know that jealous physicians will cry humbug because my discovery cures so many of their patients, but I care not. It is now my desire and determination to place my ROOT BITTERS as fast as possible within the reach of all those suffering throughout the world. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists and country merchants, or sent by express on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles $5.00. For certificates of wonderful cures, see my large circular around each bottle of medicine. Read and judge for yourself.

☞ Ask your druggist or merchant for FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS, the great Blood Cleanser, and take no substitute he may recommend because he makes a larger profit.

G. W. FRAZIER, Discoverer
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None but the most experienced workmen employed in this establishment.

☞ Manufacturers of Tonics, Hair Oil, Cologne, Renovators, Dyes, Beautifiers, &c., &c. april 12—tf

SURE CURE FOR PILES.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William (an Indian remedy), called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts and nothing else.

☞ "I consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati Indianapolis and this city, and spent hundreds of dollars, and found no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian Ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely."

JOSEPH M. RYDER, Cleaveland, O.

"Has done me more good than all the medicine I ever tried, and I have spent more than $100 with doctors, besides medicines I am sure cost me more than $40."

DAVID SPARLING, Ingraham, Ill.

"Have suffered twenty years with itching and ulcerated piles, having used every remedy that came to my notice without benefit, until I used Indian Ointment and received immediate relief.

JAMES CARROLL, (an old miner), Tecoma, Nevada.

☞ No Pile Remedy ever gained such rapid favor and extensive sale. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. For sale by T. S. BURBANK.

March 23—1y.

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Such will please answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been engaged in. None but those who mean business need apply.

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Schiedam Aromatic

SCHNAPPS.

THE following are a few of the testimonials in favor of the Schnapps:

MR. UDOLPHO WOLFE, 22 Beaver street, New York:

Dear Sir—I fee bound to say that I regard your Schnapps as being in every respect pre eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland Gin, heretofore unobtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians,

DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,
Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

22 PINE STREET, NEW YORK, Nov.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ. Present:

Dear Sir—I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Schiedam Schnapps, with the intent of determining any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the adulteration of liquors I would not hesitate to use myself, or recommend to others, for medicinal purposes, the Schiedam Schnapps as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of Gin.

Very respectfully, yours,
Signed CHAS. A. SHERLY, Chemist

NEW YORK, CEDAR, STREET } November 26th, 1867. }

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ., Present:

Dear Sir—I submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of Schiedam Schnaps, which I took from a fresh package in you bonded warehouse, and find as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or falsification: that it has the marks of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixture of alcohol and aromatics. Respectfully,

FRED. F. MAYER, Chemist.

CHEEMICAL AND TECHNICAL LABORATORY,
13 Exchange Place, New York, November 25, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ:

Dear Sir—The undersigned have carefully and thoroughly analyzed a sample of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps," selected by ourselves, and have found the same free from all organic or inorganic substances, more or less injurious to health. From the result of our examination we consider the article one of superior quality, healthful as a beverage, effectual in its medicinal qualities. Respectfully, yours

ALEX. TRIPEL, Chemist.
FRANCIS E. ENGELHARD, M. D.

For sale by all respectable Grocers and Druggists.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SONS & CO.,
18 Beaver street, New York.
may 4—1y

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1879.

STATE ITEMS.

Ex Senator Merrimon has been confined to his house in Raleigh on account of illness.

Col. S. A. Sharpe has received the appointment as Postmaster at Statesville, Vice Col. W. A. Ellison removed.

John W. Cameron, son of Col. John W. Cameron, of Richmond county, tramped home from Texas, a distance of 2,000 miles.

The Morganton *Blade* is very sanguine that a new turnpike will be built from the Western Railroad to Mitchell county *via* Linville Falls.

The venerable and famous Mrs. Elizabeth Oaksmith is on a visit to her son, Col. Oaksmith, near Morehead City. Her mission is one of condolence and sympathy over the recent loss of her three grand-daughters by drowning.

The *American* says Maj. W. M. Robbins, Dr. J. J. Mott, and perhaps others, are now fulfilling appointments to meet the people at various localities between Statesville and Mt. Airy for the purpose of obtaining stock subscriptions to the Statesville Air Line Railroad.

"Several of our exchanges in the western part of the District are already devoting much attention to the Congressional nomination. Charlotte will contribute five, in the persons of Cols. Wm. Johnston, Chas. R. Jones, H. C. Jones, and Majors W. J. Yates and C. Dowd.—*Lumberton Robesonian.*

The Beaver Dam Mine in Montgomery county, about twenty-five miles from Lexington, has recently been started by the purchasers, who are Gen. J. A. Garfield, of Ohio, Judge Jackson and Mr. Flagg, the two last are lawyers in Washington City. They have the best hydraulic works now in operation.

In the Charlotte District, Col. Steele, the present Democratic member to Congress, is expected to step down and out, and the number of citizens who have expressed a willingness to take his place are numbered by the dozen, and not over half the district has been heard from at that. The one thing needed to arouse "patriotism" in the average Democrat is a good fat office.—Winston *Republican.*

Mr. F. B. Alexander writes to the Piedmont *Press* that "during the past year since I have been merchandising in Charlotte, I have bought and sold flour manufactured in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, Virginia and from various places in our own state. But I have found no flour for the same amount of money, that gives such general satisfaction to the trade and to the consumers, as the grades put up at the excellent mills near Hickory, in Catawba and Caldwell counties.

DIRECTORY OF LODGES.

MASONIC.—(WHITE,)

St. John's Lodge No. 1, F & A M, meet last Thursday evening of each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Lodge 319, F & A M, meets 3d Tuesday in each month, at Masonic Hall

Concord Chapter No 1, R A M, meets 3d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Council No. 1, R and O M, meet 2d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Commandery No. 1, K T, meets 2d Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Carolina Lodge 634, meet 1st and 3d Mondays in each month, at Odd Fellows Hall.

I. O. O. F.

Cape Fear Lodge No 2, meets every Tuesday evening.

Orion Lodge No 67, meets every Wednesday evening.

Campbell Encampment No. 1, meets 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

Rebecca Lodge meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month.

Wilmington Degree Lodge meets 2d and 4th Thursday evening of each month,

I. O. B. B.

North State Lodge No. 222, meet 1st and 3d Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

O. K. S. B.

Manhattan Lodge No 158, meets 2d and 4th Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Cornelius Harnett Council No 231, meets 2d and 4th Monday evening of each month. The above Lodges meet at Odd Fellows Hall on Third between Princess and Chestnut streets.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Meets every Monday at Castle Hall, on Third street.

Germania Lodge No. 4, meets every Thursday evening at Castle Hall.

Endowment Rank No. 221, meet 2d Friday in each month, at Castle Hall,

I. O. O G. T.

Wilmington Lodge No. 61, meets every Wednesday evening, at Temperance Hall, on Third street.

I. O. R. M.

Wyoming Tribe No. 4, meets every Tuesday evening, at their Hall on Prince s between front and Second streets.

MASONIC—(COLORED.)

Mt. Nebo Lodge meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, on Sixth between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Giblem Lodge, meet 2d and 4th Monday in each month, corner Eighth and Princess streets.

G. U. O. O. F.

Free Love Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, corner Dock and Water sts

Golden Lyre Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner Market and Water streets.

I. O, OF G. S, AND D. S.

Queen Esther meets every Monday evening.

Star of Liberty, meets every Tuesday evening.

Ingenious, meets every Tuesday evening

Union, meets every Wednesday evening

Loving Union, meet every Wednesday evening.

Damon and Pythias, meet every Thursday evening.

Fidelity, meet every Friday evening.

The above Lodges occupy the second and third stories, in the west end, of Evans's building, on Princess street.

Mt Zion, meets 1st and 2d Monday in each month, corner second and Princess streets

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. LETT & Co., Portland, Maine. apl 19-1y

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. apl 19-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONE OF, IF NOT THE LARGEST STOCKS OF WHOLESALE GROCERIES OFFERED FOR SALE IN THE State of North Carolina, CAN BE FOUND AT ADRIAN & VOLLERS Southeast Corner Dock and Front Streets, Wilmington, N. C.

☞Orders and Purchasers Solicited. july 7 tf

Flour, Sugar, Meat, Molasses.

1000 Bbls FLOUR, of various brands.

250 Bbls SUGAR, of sundry grades

150 Boxes MEAT, Hams, Shoulders Sides, Strips, Bellies.

200 Hhds and Bbls MOLASSES

Call on or order direct from

dec 21 tf ADRIAN & VOLLERS

THE PURCELL HOUSE

HAS PASSED INTO THE HANDS OF the undersigned, has been newly furnished throughout, and, as heretofore, will be run strictly as a

First-Class Hotel!

Board reduced as follows: $2 50 and $3 per day; With Rooms, per month, $35; Table Board, per month $25.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars ALWAYS ON HAND AT

Regular City Prices.

We hope to see all the old patrons of the house and ALL THEIR FRIENDS, promising them that no pains shall be spared to please all.

Jan 18. COBB BROS., Proprietors.

SOL BEAR & BROS.,

18, 20 MARKET ST.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC, AT the LOWEST NET PRICES, ONE OF THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCKS OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Dry Goods, Carpeting, Blankets, &c., &c.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. dec 21 tf.

FOR SALE.

135 Acres of Land in Bladen County, one and a half miles from the Cape Fear River, Prospect Hill landing.

25 Acres of open Land, produces Corn, Cotton, and is in splendid condition.

Dwelling and out Houses in good condition.

3,000

Cords of Pine wood can be cut on this tract of Land.

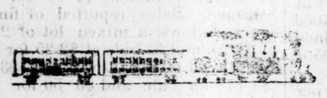
Parties wishing to purchase will please apply to A. McDONALD, Prospect Hill, Bladen County N. C. tf.

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

AT the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N. Y. Next term begins Sept. 12. The Annual Register for 1878 contains a list of the graduates for the past 52 years, with their positions, also course of study, requirements for admission, expenses, &c. Address, WM. H. YOUNG, Treasurer. [redacted] jy 20 1m

RAIL ROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R Company.



OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday June 15th 1879, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at	7:10 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at	1:10 P. M,
Leave Weldon at	3:32 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at	9:53 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at	8:40 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at	3.50 A M
Leave Weldon daily, at	2 13 A M
Arrive at Wilmington Front St Depot at	8.45 A M

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5,00 P. M. Daily and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4.00 A. M. Returning, leave Tarboro at 10.00 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8,30 P. M.

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North *via* Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily *via* Richmond and all-rail route.

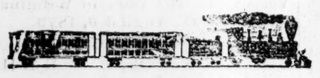
Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond,

Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't. je 15—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.



WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Sunday, June 15th, the following schedule will be run on this road:

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN—(Daily.)

Leave Wilmington	9.05 A. M
Arrive Florence	1.25 P. M
Leave Florence	3.50 P M
Arrive at Wilmington	8 20 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily)

Leave Wilmington	10.13 P M
Leave Florence	2.50 A M
Arrive at Columbia	9.00 A. M
Leave Columbia	6 00 A M
Leave Florence at	2.55 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington	6.50 A M

This Train stops only at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion.

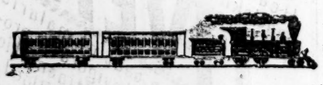
Passengers for Augusta (via Columbia), should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Augusta;

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen. Sup't. je 13—tf.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 16, 1879.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, 16th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at	6:30 A. M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	2:00 P. M
	" Charlotte at	8:44 A. M
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at	8:20 A. M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	2:00 P. M
	" Wilmington at	10:00 P. M

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS

No. 9.	Leave Charlotte	7:00 A. M.
	Arrive at Shelby	11:15 A. M.
No. 10.	Leave Shelby	12:45 P. M
	Arrive at Charlotte	5:00 P. M

The above Trains have Passenger accommodations, and are the only ones permitted to carry Passengers.

V. Q. JOHNSON, Chief Engineer and Superintendent. [redacted] 21

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS $140 TO $400.

All new, and strictly first-class, and sold at the lowest net cash wholesale factory prices, direct to the purchaser. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the HIGHEST HONORS—over 12,000 in use. Regularly incorporated Manufacturing Co.—Factory established over 37 years. The Square Grands contain Mathushek's new patent Duplex Overstrung Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The Uprights are the Finest in America. Pianos sent on trial. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue of 48 pages—mailed free.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., 21 East 15th Street, N. Y. apr. 13—6m.

N. GREENWALD.

DEALER IN DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED

CIGARS AND SNUFFS,

North Carolina and Virginia Smoing and Chewing Tobacco,

PIPE SMOKERS ARTICLE, &c.

"Indian Girl Cigar Store.'

NO. 26 MARKET STREET, Wilmington, N. C. dec 21 tf

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORHŒA.

THE "SEMINAL PASTILLE"

SHAPE & SIZE OF A SEMINAL PASTILLE

A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely new and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct application to the principal seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exciting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organization wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, &c. Etc. and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no Quackery about this Preparation, Practical observation enables me to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction. ——During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value. And it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble. that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon which quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, enough to last a month, and sent in a plain wrapper by mail sealed for $2.—Two boxes, (sufficient to effects a permanent cure unless of severe cases) $5 ——Three boxes lasting three full months will stop emissions, and restore vigor, in the worst cases, $7.—Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to correct manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, if not all hope effected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

HARRIS REMEDY CO., MF'G. CHEMISTS. Market and 8th. Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dec 8—t

BOOKS For the MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, compatible and incompatible, Sterility in women, cause and treatment, Advice to bridegroom, Advice to husbands, Advice to wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celebacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal union, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their causes and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed for 50 cents.

"The Private Medical Adviser," on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical decay, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc. making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; same size, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice," a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one nicely bound volume, $1. They contain 600 pages and over 100 Illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced Physician of many years practice, (as is well known,) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.—Sent in single volumes, or complete in one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address: Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 13 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo. (Established 1847.)

DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their names and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage.—Not a Truss.

december 8—tf

DR. A. G. OLIN

Private Hospital, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. Specialty, all Private, Chronic and Female Diseases. Consultation free. Ladies and Gentlemen, send one dollar for samples of best rubber goods, and valuable information by express. Reliable Female Pills, $5 per box. Private home and nurse for Ladies during confinement.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A new work, price 50 cents by mail. Mysteries of Nature, Physiology of Marriage, Organs of Generation, Diseases of Youth and Manhood; a wealth of choice and valuable information, of interest to both sexes. Nothing offensive to good taste and refinement. Information never before published. No family should be without it. Address, Dr. A. G. OLIN, 203 Clark St.

dec —tf

OPIUM and MORPHINE habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless. No publicity. Send stamp for full particulars. DR. CARLTON, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. dec 1—tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

B. D. MORILL,

Undertaker. Carpenter and Cabinet Maker.

ON PRINCESS STREET

In the basement of the old Journal Building.

WILL FURNISH COFFINS, CASKETS, with attendance, at the very shortest notice.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Orders for Carpenter and Cabinet Work solicited, and work guaranteed.

Work as low as any in the city. jan 18-tf.

ORGANS.

A LARGE LOT OF FINE REED AND PIPE TOP ORGANS JUST RECEIVED

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS,

NEW ENGLAND ORGANS,

BURDETT ORGANS, and

JUBILEE ORGANS,

For sale at HEINSBERGER'S

Live Book and Music Store. may 10—tf.

OLD, TRIED, AND TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 35 years, until now it encircles the habitable globe.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast.

To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable.

A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep.

It cures foot-rot, hoof-all, hollow horn, grub, screw-worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.

It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swinny, sprains, founder, wind-gall, ring-bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to Miners.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscle to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

february 1 1y R

BLACKSMITH AND HORSE - SHOEING.

I HAVE OPENED A SHOP AT THE corner of Market and Seventeenth streets, where I am prepared to shoe horses and mules, repair carts, wagons, buggies and carriages—both wood and iron work. I hope my old friends will remember me when they have any work in my line. I guarantee satisfaction in price and quality of work. RICHARD WATERS feb 1 tf

Rogers' Extra Early Peas.

FOR EARLINESS AND SUPERIOR quality cannot be excelled. White Marrow fat, Black Eye and other good varieties.—Early Snap Berns, Cabbage, Tomatoes, Radish Seed, Potatoes, and a general assortment of Vegetable and Feld Seed of reliable quality, at low prices. (Catalogues sent by mail.) Special attention to orders by mail. C. B. ROGERS, Seed Grower, dec. 29 133 Market St., Phila.

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR

A Wonderful Discovery. Forces heavy Moustache or Beard even on smooth faces in from 30 to 30 days. Those whiskers are from the original, and show a positive result from its use. It works like magic and never fails. Impossible for it to stain the skin, each bottle is put up in a neat carton, securely packed, post-paid 25 cts., 3 for 50 cts., in U. S. and Can. Address Dr. A. G. DYKES & CO., Saint Augustine, Florida. Also have corsets for sale.

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co Augusta, Maine. apl 19-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE

HOMELESS.

HOUSES AND LOTS

FOR SALE CHEAP.

TREMENDOUS excitement over the great reduction and splendid terms offered to buyers of real estate by W. P. CANADAY.

EXAMINE THE LOCATIONS.

A Large 8 Room House corner of 4th and Walnut streets, opposit Col. H. H. Munson's.

A Six Room House on 7th and Walnut streets, the highest part of Wilmington with a splendid view and good water.

SIX Room House on Castle between 6th and 7th streets. Premises complete.

HOUSE and Lot on Dickerson between Rankin and Miller streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 4th street between Queen and Wooster streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th between Castle and Queen streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Brunwick between 6th and 7th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Market between 13th and 14th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Queen between 10th and 11th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th between Harnett and Nixon streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th adjoining the above.

HOUSE and Lot on Church between 5th and 6th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th street near Red Cross street—House new.

HOUSE and Lot next to and adjoining the above—House old,

HOUSE and Lot on Dudley between 9th and 10th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 11th between Church and Castle streets.

I HAVE OTHER BUILDINGS IF THE ABOVE WILL NOT SUIT. E.

SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS.

AND IN

EXCELLENT LOCALITIES.

LOT on Brunswick between 2nd and 3rd streets—45x100 feet.

LOT next to and adjoining the above—45x100 feet.

THESE Lots are within one Block of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad shops, and within two Blocks of the Carolina Central Railroad Depot. If none of the above or following will suite, I have others that I will sell.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY LOTS,

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY splendid Building Lots between Market and Princess streets, and Seventeenth and Twentieth streets, in the most beautiful part of Wilmington.

ALSO 120 LOTS.

One Hundred and Twenty Lots between Princess and Chestnu streets and 17th and 20th streets.

120 LOTS MORE.

One Hundred and Ttwent y Lots between Chestnut and Mulberry treets, and 17th and 20th sts.

The size of the above Lots is 30 by 75 feet each.

Good Farming Land.

100 Acres of Good Farming Land in Pender county.

A Small farm in Brunswick county on Town Creek.

THE above property will be sold very cheap for cash, or on terms that will suit the purchaser. NOW is the time to PROVIDE a home for your family. Do not continue to pay high rent and die poor, but buy while you can. The rent you pay will buy you a home of your own, and when you are old you will be thankful you had such an opportunity.

W. P. CANADAY.

may 10—tf On Princess between Front and Second streets.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.
SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1879.

JOINT MEETING OF THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE AND COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.—At a joint meeting of the Justices of the Peace and Commissioners of the County of New Hanover. held Monday last, Col. Wm. L. Smith was appointed Chairman and Justice Cowan, Secretary, after which the following was enacted:

Resolved, That for the year 1879 the following estimate, proposed by the County Commissioners for taxes, be and the same is hereby levied on all property in this county, real, personal and mixed, and polls subject to tax, as follows:

For general expenses of the county government, 42 cents on the hundred dollars, and $1.26 on each taxable poll.

For maintenance of Criminal Court, 18 cents on the hundred dollars, and 54 cents on each taxable poll

For payment of past due bonds and interest, 30 cents on the $100.

For payment of interest on bonds not matured 5 cents on the $100, and 15 cents on the poll.

All of which were adopted by the meeting, and also the following:

Resolved, That the Board of Commissioners, in so greatly reducing the expenses of the county during the first year of their administration, is entitled to the thanks and increased confidence of the citizens of New Hanover county.

Estimate of matured bonds, $15,500; new bonds, $30,700. Estimate for general expenses, $32,000.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—The Board met in regular session at 2½ o'clock monday afternoon, present Col. W. L. Smith, Chairman, and Commissioners H. A. Bagg, J. A. Montgomery, A. J. Grady and B. G. Worth.

The Treasurer made his several reports for the month of July as follows: Special fund showing a balance due Treasurer of $161. 30.

Eleven coupons of the denomination of $15 each were delivered to the board and four coupons of $3 each were also delivered and the whole of the coupons destroyed in the presence of the Board.

Retail liquor licenses were granted the following named persons for three months: J D Steljes, C H Wessel, H A Glaymeyer, Geo L Schutte, J D H Klander, Mary Davis, N M Moody, D Steljes, E W Dosher, A Rush, J E Oldenbuttle, Wm Ulrich, J M Bremer, J W Duls, Geo F Colin, K Hullen, C Stemmerman, J F Stolter, R J Scarborough, L Vollers, Jno W Gerdts, Jno O'Brien, C Schulken, Delia Bryson, C Michaels, Sarah Meyer, Jno Carroll, R F Eyden, W H Grotgen.

The Register reported the amount of fees for the month of July due the county for marriage licenses as $9.50. Ordered received and placed on file. On motion the Board adjourned to meet the fourth Monday in August at 2½ o'clock.

ORDERED, That all persons are hereby prohibited from allowing their cows or their beasts to run at large within the city limits, and all cows or other cattle beasts found running at large, in violation of this ordinance, shall be impounded be the Chief of Police and advertised, and the owners may redeem and recover the same upon paying a fine of $2 50 and all expenses of impounding, advertising and feeding the said cows or other cattle beasts.

Resolutions offered by Alderman Lowrey in regard to bills of Henry Green and J. E. Campbell was referred to the Committee on Streets and Wharves.

Report of the Superintendent of Health was read and ordered on file.

Report of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department was read and ordered on file.

BOARD OF ALDERMAN:—The Board of Alderman met in regular monthly session yesterday afternoon.

The Special Committee to whom was referred the proposition of Walker Meares, Esq, to take the census of the city, made the following report:

By and with the consent of the Board of Audit and Finance, we recommend that the Board of Alderman allow Mr. Walker Meares ($100) one hundred dollars for compiling a correct census of the city.

On motion of Alderman Flanner, the report was received and adopted.

Committee on Police reported in the matter of codifying the Laws and Ordinances, that Messrs. DuBrutz Cutlar and F. H. Darby would do the work for three hundred dollars.

On motion of Alderman Flanner, the report of the Committee was received and adopted.

Committee on Fire Department reported progress.

Special Committee on the claim of A Oldham was called, and were not ready to report, whereupon they were granted further time.

Alderman Flanner asked to be excused from further service on the Committee, and the Mayor stated that if no objection was made he would excuse Flanner and take his place himself.

No objection being made, Alderman Flanner was excused, and Mayor Fishblate was put in his place.

Finance Committee reported progress on rate taxation.

The following amendment to the Dog Ordinance was adopted:

ORDERED, That the ordinances of the city of Wilmington in relation to dogs passed May 13th, 1878, be and they are hereby so amended as to provide that all dogs in the city of Wilmington be subject to the usual tax on dogs, viz: one and three dollars, and the police are hereby authorized and empowered, under the direction of the Mayor and Chief of Police, to ferret out all dogs within the aforesaid limits, and to enter such private lots or premises as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying out the reqirements of this ordinance, in order that all dogs in the city of Wilmington, whether running at large or otherwise, shall be taxed.

Committee on Streets and Wharves reported progress.

Alderman Bowden offered the following resolution, which, on motion, was laid over till the next regular meeting for final action

The Board having carefully considered the petition of Mr. Henry Nutt, asking to be relieved from the judgment rendered by the city against him as one of the sureties on the official bond of J. C. Mann, late Clerk of the Superior Court, and being satisfied that the Board have no right or authority to grant such request; therefore,

Resolved, That the said matter be not further considered by the Board, and that the same be remitted into the hands of the attorney who has it in charge.

The Mayor stated that the owner of the wharf now used by the city on which to land ballast, was desirous of renting it out to the city.

Alerman Bowden moved, that the city rent the wharf from Mr. Walker for one year, at $300 per annum, 1st October, 1879. Carried.

Communication from Capt. Joseph Price, Harbor Master, was read and referred to the committee on Streets and Wharves.

An ordinance in relation to cows was passed, as follows:

MAYOR'S COURT.—Jno. Brodie, colored, for disorderly conduct, submitted and paid the cost.

Mary E. Thompson, colored, charged with disorderly conduct. was fined $5 and costs or ten days in city prison. She went to the berth below.

Wm. Heide, Davis Martin, Abram Bell, Henry Smith, and Alpheus Dennis, five white sailors, were arrested last night by officer Nelson, Woebse and Teitgen and arranged this morning for disorderly conduct, such as loud and boisterous swearing and cursing; abusing the police in the neighborhood, of Paddy's Hollow.

It appering in the evidence that the first named prisoner was not guilty, he was discharged. Alpheus Dennis being found more guilty than the others was required to pay a fine of $20 or go below for thirty days.

The three remaining defendants, Davis, Matten, Abram Bell and Henry Smith were sentenced to pay a fine of $10 each or given the alternate of going to the C. P. for thirty days. They all went below.

The case of Lewis Green, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was again continued, on account of sickness of the defendant.

Lewis Dudly, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was sentenced to pay a fine of $1.50—or be locked up for five days. The defendant ponied up three silver half-dollars and turned his back on the Court.

A case of assault was disposed of by imposing a fine of $5—which the defendant walked up to the Captain's office and settled immediately.

Julius Jackson, Thomas Tit, and John Gurley, three little colored vagrants, were sent to the lock up for ten days to feast on bread and water during the time of their incarceration.

Wm. Borden, Samuel Stokes and Frank Farrinfrow, who were arrested last night for sleeping in the streets, and failing to give a satisfactory account of themselves, were sent below for five days. This finished the business on the docket and Court adjourned for the day.

Fanny Cole was again on the rampage in the "Hollow" last night and was taken to the lock-up. This morning the *pro temp.* said $1 or five days and the Queen went below.

Jno. Smith, colored, for being drunk and disorderly and making an indecent exposure of his person, was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 or be imprisoned for thirty days, and the namesake of the illustrious man whom Pocahontas saved from Powhattan's club was forced to go below.

BLADEN COUNTY, July 10th, 1879.

EDITOR OF THE POST:—I am well pleased at the stand you take in your valuable paper in regard to the appointment of Democrats to office by a Republican administration. I have always been of the opinion that the Republican party was a great national party, founded on justice, honor, equal rights and full protection for life, liberty and property, and under these circumstances I have always voted with, and worked for, it. But lately I am compelled to think there is at least something wrong about it. There cannot certainly be any scarcity of men who have sense enough to fill an office, or the heads of the different departments who have the filling of these under offices are not Republicans, or can be bought, or they think that the party is composed entirely of ignoramus or cornfield hands. I am not personally acquainted with Lords Terrell and Thompson, but am much of the opinion that they are both obtained by money enough to make them think that there are no men fit for them to appoint to office except Democrats. But should the Democratic party succeed in electing a President in 1880, they will soon have the lions skin removed from them, which will reveal their true character. How is it possible or how and where is the wisdom in a party to throw aside all its hard working, honest, true friends and promote their enemies? I have heard from the Republican party what I never heard in the old Whig party, and never heard a Democrat say such a thing in my life, that is: when hundreds apply to a newly elected representative government or other offices that have sub-offices to let, "I must give the places to a Democrat, and again, this to a Democrat, for you are one of my party and you are all right, and it may help me again if I run, by filling these offices with Democrats." Well, does it do it? No. They use the office they hold under him to beat him next election, and his old friends become quite careless whether he is elected again or not, for we consider that it is just as well for us to have a Democrat in office, and all his subs the same, as to have the name without the substance, and have to bear the responsibility as a party for all their actions.

We look to those high in power, officially, to have this thing put an end to some way. Cannot you, and your friends of the true Republican party, get Mr. Hayes to notice these officials, and remove them from office, and place honest, true Republicans in their places? There are enough good and true men, well qualified, who could and would take the places of Lords Terrell and Thompson. If something is not done to put a stop to it, it will be felt in a large falling off of the Republican party here and elsewhere.

Your correspondent from Tarboro, who goes for Sherman, Settle, Bill Smith and Seymore; I will willingly support if nominated, but would suggest Sherman and O. H. Dockery. I say Sherman first, for there is no weakkneedism about him. Dockery, for Vice President, because he is a man of more ability than Settle; he has served us with honor and ability in all the places it has been our good fortune to place him. He is a true Republican, and an honest, upright gentleman in every respect, and comes from the country, from the farm, and knows all our wants as poor, hardworking men, and will do all he can for our advancement, socially, morally and politically, and a thousand other reasons which I could name, that entitles him to the honor, but I have not the time. I am opposed to Settle on account of his action in swearing in the bogus members of the Convention, of Robeson county, when he knew such to be the case.

Respectfully, &c.,

BLADEN.

NEW ADVERTISEENMTS.

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side; under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

dec 8.—1y

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted.—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO. Augusta, Me. mar 10 1y

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

August 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened weak at 25½ cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported of 585 casks at 25½ cents.

ROSIN—The market opened quiet at $1 02½ for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Strained. Sales of 500 bbls Strained and 250 do Good Strained at $1 05@ $1 10 per bbl.

TAR.—Market was firm at $1 02½ per bbl, of 280 lbs, the receipts of the day being disposed of at that price.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10 "	"
S. Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling	11 "	"
Middling	11¼ "	"
Good Middling	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	3 bales
Spirits turpentine	625 casks
Rosin	1,637 bbls
Tar,	5 bbls
Crude turpentine	342 bbls

August 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was firm at 25¼ cts per gallon, for country packages, with sales reported of 50 casks at 25¼ cents, closing quiet and steady.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 02½ for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Stained, with no sales reported in these grads. Sales of fine rosins as follows: 36 bbls Low Pale at $2 50, 38 do Pale at $3 50 and 11 do Low Pale to Pale at $2 75@$3 24 per bbl.

TAR—Market for this article was firm, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 02½ per bbl, of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article opened steady with a slight decline.—The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cents	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10¼ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling,	11¼ "	"
Good Middling.	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	— bales
Spirits Turpentine	580 casks
Rosin,	1136 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude Turpentine	511 bbls

August 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market for this article opened steady at 25¼ cents per gallon for counry packages, with sales reported of 500 casks at that figure.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 02½ for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Strained, with sales reported of 500 bbls Strained at $1 2½ and 500 do Good Strained at $1 07½. Sales of fine rosins, as follows: 40 bbls Good No 2 at $1 25, 11 Extra No 2 at $1 35, 65 do Low No 1 at $1 60, 38 do Pale $3 50, and 80 do Extra Pale at $3 62½ per bbl.

TAR.—The market opened firm at $1 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with no receipts or sales to report.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip, and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—The market for this article opened. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10½ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling,	11¼ "	"
Good Middling,	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	40 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	566 casks
Rosin,	2,303 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude Turpentine,	199 bbls

August 6

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened steady at 25¼ cents per gallon for regular packages, with sales reported of 60 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was dull at $1 02½ for Strained, $1 07½ for Good Strained, closing at $1 05 offered for Good Strained and sales of 300 bbls at that price.

TAR—Market was steady at $1 02½ per bbl of 280 lbs, with no receipts or sales.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Sales reported of 96 bbls at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 Virgin, market steady:

COTTON—The market opened steady. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10½ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling	11¼ "	"
Good Middling,	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	3 bales,
Spirits turpentine,	40 casks.
Rosin,	309 bbls.
Tar,	— "
Crude turpentine,	96 "

August 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened quiet at 25 cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported 700 casks at 25 cents.

ROSIN.—The market was quiet at $1 02½ for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Strained. We hear of sales of 500 bbls Strained at $1 02½ per bbl.

TAR.—Market was firm, the receipts of the day were sold at $1 02½ per bbl, of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market for this article was unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was steady and nominal at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	—cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10½ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling,	11¼ "	"
Good Middling.	— "	"

August 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened dull, at 25 cents per gallon for country packages, with small sales reported of city distilled at that price.

ROSIN—The market was steady at $1 00 for Strained, $1 05 for Good Strained. Sales reported of fine rosins as follows: a mixed lot of 28 bbls at $1 25, and 53 bbls at $2 25 for Extra No 1, $3 00 for Low Pale, $3 25@ $3 37½ for Pale and $3 50 for Extra Pale.

TAR.—Market was firm at $1 02½ per bbl., of 280 lbs, with sales of 50 bbls in order at $1 0½ per bbl.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—The market was steady and nominally unchanged. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary	10½ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling,	11¼ "	"
Good Middling,	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	— bales
Spirits Turpentine	150 casks
Rosin,	360 bbls
Tar,	50 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	409 bbls

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

The following is the stock of Cotton and Naval Stores in yard and afloat at the Port Wilmington N. C., Aug. 1, 1879.

Cotton in yard, bales	152	
" afloat,	000	—152
Spirits Turpt. in yrd cks.	4,874	
" "	1,186	—6,060
Rosin in yard, bbls.	66,147	
" afloat,	3,922	—70,069
Tar in yard, bbls,	10,796	
" afloat,	536	—11,332
Crude Turpt. in yrd, bbls	1,706	
" afloat,	30	—1,736

Receipts for the Month ending Aug. 1st, 1879.

Cotton	51 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	14,170 casks
Rosin,	38,763 bbls
Tar,	141 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	12,663 bbls

Exports for the Month ending Aug. 1st, 1879—Domestic.

Cotton,	165
Spirits Turpentine,	237
Rosin,	1.684
Tar,	2,206
Crude Turpentine,	130
Foreign.	
Cotton,	—
Spirits Turpentine,	13,866
Rosin,	51,659
Tar,	2,885
Crude Turpentine,	130

Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., August 0, 1879.

BARQUES.

Valkyraen, Nor, Olsen, R E Heide
Onkel, Ger, Wallenstein, E Peschau & Westermann
Condor, Nor, Neilsen, R E Heide
Kate Bousfirld, Br, Williams, C P Mebane
Marie, Permien, E Peschau & Westermann
Fingal (Nor.) Paulensen, R E Heide
Fritz Von Der Lancken (Ger.) Frieze, E. Peschau & Westermann
Indiana, Pr, Evans, C P Mebane

BRIGS.

G C Michels, Ger, Dilwitz, E Peschau & Westermann
Thor, Sweed, Pedersen, R E Heide
Lienen, Ger, Dees, E Peschau & Westermann

SCHOONERS.

Maud Seward, Tall, Master,
Hattie Turner, McIntire, J. H. Chadbourn & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUT

may 18—1y.

SPIRIT OF THE SOUTH,

AN INDEPENDET FAMILY NEWSPAPER, devoted to news, politics, literature, &c.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT ROCKINGHAM, N. C.

HAS BY FAR THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY OTHER PAPER PUBLISHED IN THE PEE DEE COUNTRY,

TERMS IN ADVANCE.

One copy one year.....$1 00
One copy six months.....75
One copy three month.....50

W. M. TERRY, Editor and Proprietor.

oct 12

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Free Love Lodge No. 1469, G. U of O. F.

H. J. WHITEHEAD, N G
W. T. HALL, N F
A. J. JONES, P N F
H. M. GREEN, V G
T. F. HALL, Treasurer
JOS. WILLIS, P S
I. G. BARNETT, P N G
JNO. PAILLIPS, I G
P. H. HARLEY, Warden
J. K. CUTLAR, Chaplain

Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month. Lodge Room upper floor. corner Dock and Water sts. may 18—tf

Golden Lyre Lodge No. 1608 G. U. of O. F.

JOHN W. AVERY, N G
GODFREY WILLIS, N F
E. A. DUDLEY, P N G
J. M. SLOAN, V G
P. W. LAWRENCE, Treasurer
A. A. DUDLEY, P S
W. H. MARSTELLAR, P N G
MORRIS McFARLAND, I G
THOS. MILLER, Warden
ALEX. ELLISON, Chaplain
L. H. DAVIS, Marshal

Regular meetin 1st and 3d Monday night in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Market and South Water streets. may 18—tf

TO THE SUMMER RESORTS,

Of Western North Carolina

By the new and attractive Spartanburg Route.

WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA RAILROAD.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,

June 10th, 1879.

COMMENCING JUNE 11TH, 1879, The Following PERFECT AND CONTINUOUS Schedule will be operated on the SPARTANBURG ROUTE, by which ROUND TRIP TICKETS to all prominent Western North Carolina Excursion Points will be on sale, good until NOVEMBER 1st, 1879.

Leave Wilmington (by sleeping Car to Columbia)	10:13 P M
Leave Columbia	10:30 A M
Arrive Spartanburg	3:10 P M
Arrive Hendersonville	6:10 P M
Arrive Asheville	10:20 P M

24 HOURS WILMINGTON TO ASHEVILLE!

To connect with this very attractive Schedule Passengers can leave—

Weldon	3:32 P M
Wilson	5:40 P M
Tarboro	10:00 A M
Newbern	5:41 A M
Goldsboro	6:36 P M
Magnolia	8:00 P M

For Tickets, Time Cards, Engagement o Sleeping Car Accommodations, &c., &c. enquire of Agents at the Stations named, or of the undersigned.

A. POPE, General Passenger Agent.

je 15 tf

D. M. DART.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITTER,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

CAN STILL BE FOUND AT HIS OLD stand, Journal Building, Princess street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, cheaper than ever before offered to the public. Has constantly on hand

Bath Tubs,
Water Closets,
Wash Stands,
Pumps of all descriptions,
Drain Pipes,
Gas Pipes,
Gas Fxtures, &c., &c.

Personal attention given to all work. Satisfaction guaranteed. december 21 tf

FOR HEATH AND PLEASURE GO TO PATTERSON'S CELEBRATED SPRINGS.

THESE SPRINGS are situated four miles south of Shelby and six miles north of Whitaker's, on the Air-Line R. R. The mineral waters are sulphur and chalybeate. The properties of the sulphur are iron, sulphur and magnesia. Properties combined are beneficial to all disease, and nevr fail to cure the most obstinate cases, as many will testify. The chalbeate waters cannot be surpassed, having wrought many almost miraculous cures.

These Celebrated Springs will be open first of April, and the prices are in reach of all: having been greatly reduced this season.

Bathing houses, croquet grounds, ten-pen alley, and other amusements and attractions free for visitors. Hacks running from this place will meet visitors at Shelby or at Whitaker's, on Air-Line R. R., upon short notice to the Proprietor.

RATES OF BOARD.

Per day	$ 1 25
Per week	7 00
Per month	20 00
For two or more months	18 00

Children and servants half price. For further particulars, address

W. G. PATTERSON, Prop'r. Shelby, N. C., March 18th, 1879.

THE MILLIONAIRE.

P. H. O'Brian, of San Francisco, Cal., says: "Herald Compound is the best Cement for broken wares I ever saw. I have articles mended with it that stands as good as before they were broken." Sold by all druggists and country merchants, or if your druggist hasn't got it, nor wont send for it, send 25 cents for a bottle to

JNO T. PATRICK, Sole Manufact'r, WADESBORO, N. C may 4—13t

PARKER & TAYLOR,

DEALERS IN

Kerosene Oil, Stoves, Metals, Guns, Lanterns, Fairbank's Scales,

PUMPS, BRASS AND IRON ROSIN STRAINERS.

DIPPERS AND SKIMMERS.

Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,

No. 19 FRONT STREET,

an 11 1y WILMINGTON, N. C,

$55 $77 a Week to Agents $1 00 OUTFIT FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. sept 1-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE SUN FOR 1879.

The SUN will be printed every day during the year to to come. Its purpose and method will will be the same as in the past: To present all the news in a readable shape and to tell truth though the heavens fall.

The SUN has been, is, and will continue to be independent of everybody and everything save the Truth and and its own convictions of duty. That is the only policy weich an honest newspaper need have.—That is the policy which has won for this newspaper the confidence and friendship of a wider constituency than was ever enjoyed by any otqer American Journal.

The SUN is the newspaper for the people. It is not for the rich man against the poor man, or for the poor man against the rich man, but it seeks to do equal justice to all interests in the community. It is not the organ of any person, class, sect or party. There need be no mystery about its loves and hates. It is for the honest man against the rogues every time. It is for the honest Democrat as against the dishonest Republican, and for the honest Republican as against the dishonest Democrat. It does not take its cue from the utterances of any politician or political organization. It gives its support unreservedly when men or measures are in agreement with the Constitution and with the principles upon which this Republic was founded for the people. Whenever the Constitution and Constitutional principles are violated—as in the outrageous conspiracy of 1876, by which a man not elected wfis placed in the President's office, where he still remains—it speaks out for the right. That is the SUN'S idea of independence. In this respect there will be no change in its programme for 1879.

The SUN has fairly earned the hearty hatred of rascals, frauds, and humbugs of all sorts and sizes. It hopes to deserve that hatred not less in the year 1879, than in 1878, 1877, or any yerr gone by. The SUN will continue to shine on the wicked with unmitigated brightness.

While the lessons of the past should be constantly kept before the people. The SUN does not propose to make itself in 1879 a magazine of ancient history. It is printed for the men and women of to-day, whose concern is chiefly of to-day. It has both the disposition and the ability to afford its readers the promptest, fullest, and most accurate intelligence of whatever in the wide world is worth attention. To this end the resources belonging to well-established prosperity will be liberally employed.

The present disjointed condition of parties in this country, and the uncertainty of the future, lend an extraordinary significance to the events of the coming year. The discussions of the press, the debates and acts of Congress, and the movements of the leaders in every section of the Republic will have a direct bearing on the Presidential election of 1880—an event which must be regarded with the most anxious interest by every patriotic American, whatever his political ideas or allegiance. To these elements of interest may be added the probability that the Democrats will control both Houses of Congress, the increasing feebleness of the fraudulent Administration and the spread and strengthening everywhere of a healthy abhorence of fraud in any form. To present with accuracy and clearness the exact situation in each of its varying phases, and to expound, according to its well-known methods, the principles that should guide us through the labyrinth will be an important part of the SUN'S w rk for 1879.

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THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Ed'r & Prop'r.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10, 1879.

The Washington *Republican* will please recollect the name of this paper is the Wilmington POST and not the *Journal*.

The Wilmington *Journal expired* many years ago, but the Wilmington POST is still alive and prosperous. Will the *National Republican* make a note of that.

Ben Hill of Georgia has an immensely active brain on a given subject, such as a law question. But there is a wildness approaching insanity in some of his political sayings. He has carried his intellectual eccentricities to such an extent that nobody places any reliance on his political opinions. He is a sort of southern Wendell Phillips, but not by any means a composed, self-contained and philosophic Garrison.

DEPRESSED BUSINESS.

To every serious mind the present depression of business in our state is a cause of great solicitude. It is believed by many that we are growing poorer each year; that as a society we had less money after we had made the last crop than we had after it was sold. We confess, and we are certain that we express the opinion of many of the best business men in the state, that we see no present evidences of increasing prosperity. In every feature there is gloom.

It is difficult to sum up the causes of our present depression. The first that presents itself to the mind of everybody who reasons, is the enormous reduction of our assets by the results of the war. It was undoubtedly as much as 75 per cent of the whole wealth. It amounted, in the eleven seceding states to nearly twice as much as the national debt was when it was largest. This absolute loss of so large a portion of all the property of a region was the primary cause of the present condition.

Then there are a great variety of other reasons. The southern states are not an industrious people in the sense which enables them to compete with the old free labor populations of the north. A less proportion of the whole able bodied population actually are producers than in the north. The agriculture is not reduced so much to a system as it is in the old free communities. Of course there is almost a total absence of all kinds of manufactures in our state. The hats, boots and clothes which we wear, the chairs we sit on, the stove and all the cooking utensils, the ploughs and other tools, nearly everything we look at when our eyes are open, are made outside the state. As we sit at the table writing and glance about without paper, the inkstand, the table on which we write and the chair on which we sit—nearly everything around us was made out of our state. What a great loss is here! Certainly, for these and such articles as are bought out of the state, there is paid at least $1,000,000 annually which might be kept here if our people would make them.

There is another reason which we may mention. There has lately been some excitement lest the colored people should leave the state and emigrate to the old free states. So far as this state is concerned, the colored emigration is only the merest fraction. But the whites are emigrating largely. A hundred whites leave to one colored. Our young men are going to Texas, to Arkansas, and to the north west and to the territories. It is a growing evil, if it is an evil to lose an able bodied citizen. We do not pretend to make an estimate of the amount of emigration of this kind, but we believe the next census will make a showing which will astound people. When an able bodied man leaves the state the body politic loses not less than $1,200.

Do we get any considerable amount of immigration to offset this emigration? Next to nothing. A few scattering here and there. We received 8 foreigners one year as against 200,000 which went to some states. We can hardly trust ourselves to say what we think on this subject. If ever there was a subject material to the welfare of a state trifled with and mismanaged, immigration has been in North Carolina. The first few thousand who came directly after the war brought not less than an average of $5,000 each. Many of them have gone away with less money than they brought, and few could leave to-day with as much as they brought. We abstain from discussing the reasons of their leaving. But it is enough to know that we are getting nothing, or next to nothing, either of people or capital from outside. We are aware how difficult it is to secure a sudden rush of immigrants to a region already settled with an old population with fixed habits and ideas. It took the Saxons more than five hundred years to get entire control of England, and that they did only as against the indifferent Britons by wars and fighting. There has been no instance in all history where a rush of peaceful immigrants moved suddenly to an old settled country. But we might with proper management have received within our limits 200,000 or more producers with capital before this time.

When are we to be any better off? is the serious question. And how? We have waste land enough to support easily another million of people. The land holders would be better off if they gave away half their land to real and working settlers. If we could get a hundred thousand settlers a year for the next decade we would be on a road to prosperity such as is Kansas, and Missouri, and Nebraska and Minnesota

ANOTHER COLORED MAN KILLED.

A white man by the name of Walker killed a colored man by the name of Bell, in the county of Pender, some months ago; he cut bell down with an axe, and then made his escape. We have been looking in vain for the County Commissioners to offer a reward for Walker's arrest, but up to this time the long looked for proclamation has not made its appearance, and the way the matter now looks it never will. Had Walker been killed by Bell, the colored man; had the tables been turned, and the colored man killed the white man, the whole state would have been very thoroughly, but very properly, searched for the murderer. But when the white Democrat is the culprit and the fugitive from justice, the said Democratic County Commissioners dare not have any thing to say about the outrageous murder. "Let justice be done, though the fall." The law should be made for all alike, not for Republicans alone. How can the officers of the law expect to be respected as long as they make it their business to prosecute one class of people on the slightest pretext, and let another class go scot free.

We have charged time and again, and we now repeat, that there has never been a white Democrat hung or punished in this state, or the south, for killing a colored Republican. The general rule seems to be, if a man kills one negro, to make him a magistrate; if he kills two, then he is made a sheriff or member of the legislature; if he kills three, he is an eligible candidate for Judge or Governor. We believe there are many honest Democrats, who would like to see crime punished, but they are very largely in the minority in that that party. The majority of them think and act on the opinion, that a white Democrat who kills a colored Republican should be rewarded with the confidence of the party.—Walker ought to apply to the Post Office Department for an office.

Grady, the J. P. of Cape Fear township, had a boy before him some weeks ago for refusing to work on the road. The boy's mother was present and offered to testify that her son was not 18 years of age. Mr. Grady told her she could swear to it if she wanted to do so, but it would do her no good. So he found the boy guilty any way. The defendant paid two dollars of the costs and Grady gave him some time to pay the balance. [illegible] the boy got out of court he went to see an uncle in Duplin county and got a transcript of his family record from the family Bible, and his mother accompanied him to see Mr. Grady and requested Mr. Grady to examine the transcript. Whereupon Mr. Grady flew into a passion and cursed the old woman like a sailor, and immediately committed the boy to jail, saying that he was not going to have any d—d negroes doubting his judgment. Mr. Marsden Bellamy was employed, and wrote to Mr. Grady to grant the boy an appeal. Mr. Grady refused, and sent Mr. Bellamy word that he (Grady) knew his business and should attend to it. As soon as Mr. B. received the message he went to Judge Meares and laid the matter before him, and after hearing Mr. Bellamy's statement, his Honor wrote a note to his Worship, J. P. Grady, to send down the appeal papers at once. When Mr. Grady received this note he at once came to the city, asked the sheriff for the commitment and as soon as it was handed to him he destroyed it and told the sheriff to discharge the boy. Mr. Bellamy heard of the action of Mr. Grady and demanded the two dollars back, which was also handed over. The outrageous conduct of Mr. Grady toward the boy, and the corruption of the transaction, needs no comment at our hands—words will not express our opinion of the matter.

The latest news from Mississippi, in the bulldozing business, has made a lot more of eligible candidates for route agents, and Lord Terrell should send his representative, a sneak, who does his dirty work for him, and who was in our city a short time since, down with their commissions at once. Of course, if a few negroes had been killed it would have been more binding, but we suppose they have done enough to merit their appointment. Therefore, we have no doubt but they will receive their reward very soon, as Lord Terrell has the contract to look after this matter.

O, when, O, when, will Lord Terrell put in an appearance in our city; the people would like to pay their respects to him when he comes with a torchlight procession and a bushel of eggs.

We hope his Honor, Judge Meares! will have his grand jury to investigate the outrageous conduct of Justice Grady this court.

The people of Cape Fear township need the sympathy of all good people for the curse of Grady's justice

MAINE.

It seems difficult to an outsider to believe that two such incongruous elements as the Democrats and Greenbackers in Maine can maintain the same sort of an organization which they did last year. Two dissimilar parties which have no principle in common, unless it may the offices and their emoluments, do not get on well together. The coalition in Massachusetts in 1850, between the proslavery Democrats and Free Soilers, two positively opposite elements, fell apart and dissolved the very next year. But out of their trade they did such odd things as to elect Mr. Boutwell, then a Democrat, Governor; Henry Wilson, a Whig, president of the Senate; Banks, then a Democrat, speaker of the house of representatives; and Charles Sumner, a positive anti-slavery man, a United States Senator. The combination in Maine is almost as dissonant. Such Republicans as broke off last year and acted with the Greenbackers, are now led by old Mr. Bradbury, a dyed-in-the-wool Democrat, and Mr. Pillsbury, a stiff Democrat, whom they are expected to elect next year to the United States Senate in place of Mr. Hamlin.

Senator Blaine, the best manager on the Republican side in that state, is directing the canvass for them. A correspondent of the New York *Times* says of him:

Senator Blaine has a delightful place here, facing the state house grounds and park, from which he directs the Republican campaign. Every detail of the canvass is intrusted implicitly to his care. No one seems to wish to dispute his authority or disobey his orders. He is looked up to as the trusted commander of a great army, and he accepts the responsibility given him, and is planning and conducting the canvass with a firm belief in success. Except in a very few places in the state, where his influence and advice are supposed to be all-powerful among the Republicans, he will make no speeches in the present canvass, simply contenting himself with the general direction of its affairs. He will look up to the Legislative and Senatorial districts, watch the Democratic and Greenback combinations, and direct his efforts to such points as the opposition seems to be determined to capture. The management of this campaign is, therefore, no easy task, and if he should win his power and influence in the state would be more extended, if possible, than ever.

* * * * * * *

The union and association between the two elements of opposition to the Republicans are too close and too public to admit of misconstruction. But the fact that such a union exists does not rest upon conjecture, for the leaders of both wings of the opposition freely admit, and rather take a pride in, the fact that they are, while proceeding by different methods, really making a contest with a single end in view.

* * * * * * *

The bargain with the Democrats this year, therefore, is made by the Greenbackers with the single purpose in view of getting control of the state government, the understanding between the leaders being that the Democrats shall contribute their strength, both in the preliminary contest before the people and in the legislature, if that body should finally be called upon to decide the Gubernatorial contest, to the election of Smith, the Greenback candidate as Governor. Next year, when a United States Senator is to be chosen, they are to get their reward for this valuable service, and it is no longer a secret that Pillsbury, the real manager of the combination, is a candidate for Senator Hamlin's seat. By reason of this arrangement, and from his associations with and influence upon the Greenback element, in the management of the present campaign, he, no doubt, expects to push his chances for the Senatorship far ahead of his competitors, if there should be any chance of making a successful contest when the Senatorial election is held.

In order to defeat this combination against the Republicans, and carry the legislature the Republicans must carry the Senate as they did last year, and gain 11 in the house in order to overcome the combined Democratic and Greenback majority. This is a precaution in case there is no election for Governor by the people.

But it is evident that the canvass is to be made by the Republicans for electing both the Governor and the legislature by the people. In this it is to be hoped they will succeed, as they will if sagacity, skill, and determination can do it. These tri-cornered fights, where they exist in a state, render the whole canvass more complex, and furnishes chances for sharp figuring.

Justice of the Peace Grady seems to think that his court is the highest in the land. When he finds a defendant guilty he does not allow an appeal.

The Smallest Baby in Ohio.

From the Columbus (Ohio) Journal, July 30.

Mention was made some time ago of the remarkable baby of Mr. and Mrs. Armitage, of this city. Mrs. Armitage has been visiting friends in the northern part of the state for several weeks, and returned to this city a week ago. She was called on at the Hopkins House, where she and her husband board, and was kind enough to let a newspaper intruder see the little creature. The little girl is now 4 months old, and lacks a few ounces of weighing five pounds. At its birth this babe weighed just three-fourths of a pound, and an ordinary finger ring which was placed on its arm would go easily to the elbow. When two months old it weighed two pounds, when 10 weeks old three pounds, and now at four months it weighs five pounds. It is as perfect as any child can be, and is notably healthy and good-natured. It is bright, and has more expression in its face than is usual for babes at its age. Mr. Armitage is an engineer on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis road.

MR. COMMISSIONER GRADY OF CAPE FEAR TOWNSHIP.

Will some friend, who knows Mr. Commissioner Grady please inform the POST whether it is ignorance or corruption that causes this man Grady to act in the manner he does. As a Justice of the Peace, he is either one of the biggest and most stupid fools in the world, or he is very corrupt. The public are entitled to know which it is. We shall try to keep our readers informed of some of the irregularities of of this fellow. The people of his township have been truly cursed by having such a man holding so important an office in their township.

THE DARIEN CANAL SCHEME.

The agents which our government sent to the Congress of scientists assembled at Paris to consider the subject of an inter-oceanic canal across at or near the Isthmus of Darien, have made a report to the Secretary of State on the subject. It appears that conflicting interests of different corporations proposing to build the canal, affected the action of the Congress. Admiral Ammen of our Navy, one of our commissioners after giving certain details in his report says:

"From the first sitting, it was quite apparent that there were two parties of what we would call 'speculators,' the one represented by Mr. Blanchet, who had an unconfirmed grant from the Nicaraguan government, and Lieut. Wyse, of the French Navy, who had a grant from the Colombian government, embracing, with a reservation, the right to construct a ship canal over any part of her territory, the reservation applying, as I understand it, to the already conceded right of the Panama Railroad. The presumed grant to Lieut. Wyse was published in the New York *Herald* nearly one year ago. Lieut. Wyse has the powerful support of M. De Lesseps. I need hardly add that, though the Geographical Societies of Paris, and the method of appointing 'delegates' to the congress, the latter is quite able to have any desired majority on a vote relating to the respective merits of the Nicaragua and Panama routes. It was quite apparent, as the routes were presented and discussed, that the able engineers generally regard themselves on the side of the Nicaragua route." On the 27th, the final, full meeting of the congress took place, to hear the report of the Technical Committee, and vote on the resolution in favor of the Panama route. The hall was densely crowded, and there were enthusiastic manifestations of approval whenever a vote of "yes" was given, which Admiral Ammen says would hardly have been the case had the audience regarded the selection as depending wholly on natural conditions or physical causes. The vote resulted—yeas 75, nays 8, abstaining from a vote 16, making a total of 99 out of the 135 delegates on that list.

Admiral Ammen then draws the following conclusions from the proceedings and action of the congress:

First—That personal interests, arising from a concession for the construction of a canal, are unfavorable to a relative consideration of natural advantages as between two or more routes; that such personal interests did exist was quite apparent from first to last, and the impression was [illegible] partially discussed or alluded to, especially in the committees or sub-committees.

Second—That the discussion in Paris has shown that hereafter, in the examination of the question, only the Nicaragua and Panama routes need critical examination, and that sufficient information exists as to all other routes.

Third—That the canal *a'niveau*, by the Isthmus of Panama, either with or without a tunnel, has been shown to be hopelessly impracticable if considered as a commercial question.

Fourth—That a general and special knowledge now exists among the European engineers relative to the subject of a ship canal across the American continent, which did not exist prior to the assembly of the congress in Paris.

"In view of the actualities," Admiral Ammen says, "it seems proper that the government of the United States should consider the question of the inte-oceanic ship canal as still undetermined, notwithstanding the report of its commission on the subject, which has received acceptance by the people of the United States, and by our able civil engineers, inas it has not received a criticism. Should this be regarded as advisable, it would seem necessary to form a commission of the ablest engineers of the army, and to invite the ablest civil engineers of our country, and as well invite all the governments who represented at the congress in Paris to send their engineers, all to join join in full discussion and have full discussion and have equal powers, with the view of removing it from all extraneous influences of concessions or other objects than the consideration of the construction of a ship canal across this continent, capable of fulfilling the demands of the world's commerce under the most economic conditions."

Mr. Menocal, our other, delegate exposed in the congress the impossibility of getting navigable water either by canal or tunnel on the Panama route, and says:

He exposed the hopelessness of an attempt to make a ship canal route on that route *a'niveau*; pointed out beyond controversy that if so made there would be a cataract of the river Chagres at Matachin of 42 feet, which in periods of floods, would be 58 feet high; of a body of water that would be 36 feet deep, with a width of 1,500 feet. The surprise and painful emotion on the part of those who had plans *a'niveau*, and of their very many friends in attendance, can hardly be conceived.—The fact stared them in the face that the plans which they had presented so confidently were absolutely impracticable. There was, however, after a day or so, a presentation of plans and estimates of the cost of execution, quite independent of a sufficient knowledge of the topography, upon which only could they properly be based. Mr. Menocal went on to explain how a water supply was obtainable, and that, owing to the floods of the Chagres river it was impossible to lower the bottom of the canal below the height of the aqueduct, as proposed by him, crossing the river at Matachin. When he had concluded his presentation of the Panama route, he stated that he would be happy to answer any questions which might be proposed. Not a question was asked. On the 21st a general session occurred, and the report of the committee on tunneling was read. This committee was composed of the ablest engineers in Europe in that branch of engineers. It is sufficient to state, in brief, that it arrived at the impracticability, at whatever cost, of constructing a tunnel *a'niveau*, that is to say, to secure navigable waters at the ocean level by the Panama route.

A Child Eaten by an Alligator.

[From the Augusta (Ga.) News, July 21.]

The following is an extract from a letter written from Tampa, Fla., to a gentleman of this city, and received this morning:—

"Last Friday morning, having eaten breakfast, Mr. Aaron Strickland, a well-to-do young farmer, who lives about five miles from Tampa, started out to do some work in the woods. His little child, a boy of eighteen months old, started after him, but was driven back and began to play about the door. No more attention was paid to it for the space of half an hour, when it was missed by its mother, who searched and called in vain. With a beating heart, and fearing she know not what, she started out to inform her husband of the fact, which she did.

"He at once roused the whole neighborhood and scoured the woods in every direction for his lost darling. The news of the child's disappearance flew like wildfire, and people flocked from Tampa and for miles from the surrounding country to join in the search. A false clew, found on the morning of the second day, caused the search to take a wrong direction. Several small footprints were found near a field a mile from Mr. Strickland's place, but proved to be those of a little negro child, who had accompanied its mother in the search. Many were of the opinion that the child had fallen into the pond near by, but it was discovered, as before stated, that the tracks were not those of the lost baby. The search then took a northerly direction, and on the third day of the search, Sunday, traces of blood, a mass of tangled hair and the child's apron were found about twenty steps from the horse pond, a body of water about two miles from Strickland's farm. A dark object was seen floating in the water, near where the apron was found, and with which two aligators were found playing. The suspicion of two of the party, Messrs. Lewis Strickland and Thomas, were aroused and they swam out to it, but what was their horror to find it to be a part of the body of the lost child. On arriving at the bank an examination showed that the head, arms, shoulders and legs were gone. One leg appeared to have been torn from the socket, while the other was bitten off at the thigh. The parents are perfectly frantic with grief and have the deepest sympathy of the whole community."

Martha Washington's Watch—A Relic Purchased for the Washington Headquarters at Newburg.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Aided by several wealthy citizens, the Trustees of Washington's Headquarters, in this city, have just purchased and placed in that venerable structure a most valuable and interesting relic, which is a gold watch made in London for Mrs. Martha Curtis, on the order of Gen. Washington, just previous to the marriage of the General to that lady. Gen. Washington had two love affairs, the first being with Mary Phillipse, who after a time refused his hand, and in 1756 became the wife of Robert Morris. In 1758 Gen. Washington met Mrs. Martha Curtis, and was married to her in 1759. Commemorative of this match is this old watch, which was presented by Washington to his bride-elect. The recipient wore it for many years after she became Mrs. Washington, and while at Mount Vernon, after the clash of arms had ceased, she presented it to a favorite niece, who afterward became Mrs. Halyburton, of Virginia. That old lady presented the heirloom to her son, James D. Halyburton, who, at the breaking out of the rebellion, was the owner of an extensive plantation and many slaves in Virginia. The emancipation proclamation and the success of the Federal arms left the Halyburtons poor, and the watch was placed on the market by its owner. It was purchased by the late Enoch Carter, of this City, who, during his lifetime, was a devoted relic hunter, and by whom many of the most valuable articles in the Headquarters were bequeathed to that institution. On the death of Mr. Carter, the watch was sold to settle up his estate, and purchased by Mrs. Ryer, a sister of the deceased gentleman. This lady died over a year ago, and the valuable time piece has been bought from her heirs, so that it can be placed and preserved in that building which its first owner graced with her presence.

The watch bears the name of its maker, "Barwie, London, No. 743." It is of the old fashioned "bull's eye" pattern, reduced in thickness. The handsome gold case is inlaid with white enamel around the edge of the back and face. The hour marks are numerals, and over the figures are the words "Martha Curtis," one letter being over each figure. The watch shows signs of its great age, the cases being worn and the dial cracked in several places.

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The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known in the World. No More Use For Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons.—Life for the Blood, Strength For the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC.

Believing that by cleansing the blood and setting in motion the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, catarrh, very much broken down in constitution, &c., and after trying the best physicians and paying out my money for many kinds of medicines advertised without finding a permanent cure, I began doctoring myself, using medicines made from roots and herbs. I fortunately discovered a wonderful Blood Cleanser, the first bottle of which gave me new life and vigor, and in time effected a permanent cure. I was free from catarrh, my lungs became perfect and sound, being able to resist the most severe cold and exposure, and I have gained over thirty pounds in weight, feeling confident that I had made a wonderful discovery in medicine, I prepared a quantity of the Root Bitters, and was in the habit of giving them away to sick friends and neighbors. I found the medicine effected the most wonderful cures of all diseases caused from humors or scrofula in the blood, Impurdences, Bad Stomach, Weakness, Kidney Disease, Torpid Liver, &c., &c. The news of my discovery in this way spread from one person to another until I found myself called upon to supply patients with medicine far and wide and I was induced to establish a laboratory for compounding and bottling the Root Bitters in large quantities, and I now devote all my time to this business.

I was at first backward in presenting either myself or discovery in this way to the public, not being a patent medicine man and with small capital, but I am getting bravely over that. Since I first advertised this medicine I have been crowded with orders from druggists and country dealers, and the hundreds of letters I have received from persons cured, prove the fact that no remedy ever did so much good in so short a time and had so much success as the Root Bitters. In fact, I am convinced that they will soon take the lead of all other medicines in use. Nearly one hundred retail druggists, right here at home in Cleveland, now sell Root Bitters, some of whom have already sold over one thousand bottles.

Root Bitters are strictly a medicinal preparation, such as was used in the good old days of our forefathers, when people were cured by some simple root or plant, and when calomel and other poisons of the mineral kingdom were unknown.

They act strongly on the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels regular and build up the nervous saystem. They penetrate every part of the body, searching out every nerve, bone and tissue from the head to the feet cleansing and strengthening the fountain springs of life, hence they must reach all diseases by purification and nourishment.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailments is, use Root Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life.

Thousands of persons in all parts of the country are already using ROOT BITTERS. They have saved many lives of consumptives who had been given up by friends and physicians to die, and have permanently cured many old chronic cases of Catarrh Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and skin Diseases, where all other treatments had failed. Are you troubled with sick headache, costiveness, dizziness, weakness, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, and broken down in constitution? You will be cured if you take ROOT BITTERS. Have you humors and pimples on your face or skin? Nothing will give you such good health, strength, and beauty as ROOT BITTERS.

☞ I know that jealous physicians will cry humbug because my discovery cures so many of their patients, but I care not. It is now my desire and determination to place my ROOT BITTERS as fast as possible within the reach of all those suffering throughout the world. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists and country merchants, or sent by express on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles $5.00. For certificates of wonderful cures, see my large circular around each bottle of medicine. Read and judge for yourself.

☞ Ask your druggist or merchant for FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS, the great Blood Cleanser, and take no substitute he may recommend because he makes a larger profit.

G. W. FRAZIER, Discoverer
138 Superior St., Cleveland, O.
For sale by T. S. Burbank, Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN WERNER, Formerly of Richmond, Va. H. C. PREMPERT, Formerly of Goldsboro, N. C.

WERNER & PREMPERT,

Personally in attendance at

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

No. 11 North Front Street, South of Purcell House, and No. 7 South Front Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

None but the most experienced workmen employed in this establishment.

☞ Manufacturers of Tonics, Hair Oil, Cologne, Renovators, Dyes, Beautifiers, &c., &c. april 12—tf

SURE CURE FOR PILES.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William (an Indian remedy), called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts and nothing else.

☞ "I consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati Indianapolis and this city, and spent hundreds of dollars, and found no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian Ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely."

JOSEPH M. RYDER, Cleveland, O.

"Has done me more good than all the medicine I ever tried, and I have spent more than $100 with doctors, besides medicines I am sure cost me more than $50."

DAVID STARLING, Ingraham, Ill.

"Have suffered twenty years with itching and ulcerated piles, having used every remedy that came to my notice without benefit, until I used Indian Ointment and received immediate relief.

JAMES CARROLL, (an old miner), Tecoma, Nevada.

☞ No Pile Remedy ever gained such rapid favor and extensive sale. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. For sale by T. S. BURBANK.

March 25—1y.

PRINT AND PROSPER.

THE NEW STATE,

PUBLISHED AT GREENSBORO,

Is one of the

LEADING REPUBLICAN PAPERS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

It enjoys a large circulation, and offers superior facilities to the advertiser. Its columns will contain original articles, choice selections, Items for the farm and household, summary of the latest news, etc., in fact, everything to make it

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER.

Published every Thursday at Two Dollars per Year.

apr 12

WANTED A LIMITED number of active energetic men to engage in a permanent and profitable business. Good men will find this a rare chance

TO MAKE MONEY.

Such will please answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been engaged in. None but those who mean business need apply.

Address, FINLEY, HARVEY & CO., Atlanta, Ga. april 25—1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Aromatic

SCHNAPPS.

THE following are a few of the testimonials in favor of the Schnapps:

MR. UDOLPHO WOLFE, 22 Beaver Street, New York:

Dear Sir—I feel bound to say that I regard your Schnapps as being in every respect pre-eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland Gin, heretofore unobtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians,

DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,
Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

22 PINE STREET, NEW YORK, Nov.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq. Present:

Dear Sir—I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Schiedam Schnapps, with the intent of determining any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the adulteration of liquors. I would not hesitate to use myself, or recommend to others for medicinal purposes, the Schiedam Schnapps as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of Gin.

Very respectfully, yours,
Signed CHAS. A. SHERLY, Chemist.

NEW YORK, 4 CEDAR STREET, November 26th, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., Present:

Dear Sir—I submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of Schiedam Schnapps, which I took from a fresh package in your bonded warehouse, and find as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or falsification; that it has the scent of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixture of alcohol and aromatics. Respectfully,

FRED. F. MAYER, Chemist.

CHEMICAL AND TECHNICAL LABORATORY,
12 Exchange Place, New York,
November 27, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq.

Dear Sir—The undersigned have carefully and thoroughly analyzed a sample of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps," selected by ourselves, and have found the same free from all organic or inorganic substances more or less injurious to health. From the result of our examination we consider the article one of superior quality, healthful as a beverage, effected in its medicinal qualities. Respectfully, yours

ALEX. TRIPLER, Chemist.
FRANCIS H. ENGELHARD, M. D.

For sale by all respectable Grocers and Druggists.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SONS & CO.,
13 Beaver street, New York.
may 4—1y

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1879.

STATE ITEMS.

Ex Senator Merrimon has been confined to his house in Raleigh on account of illness.

Col. S. A. Sharpe has received the appointment as Postmaster at Statesville, Vice Col. W. A. Ellison removed.

John W. Cameron, son of Col. John W. Cameron, of Richmond county, tramped home from Texas, a distance of 2,000 miles.

The Morganton *Blade* is very sanguine that a new turnpike will be built from the Western Railroad to Mitchell county *via* Linville Falls.

The venerable and famous Mrs. Elizabeth Oaksmith is on a visit to her son, Col. Oaksmith, near Morehead City. Her mission is one of condolence and sympathy over the recent loss of her three grand-daughters by drowning.

The *American* says Maj. W. M. Robbins, Dr. J. J. Mott, and perhaps others, are now fulfilling appointments to meet the people at various localities between Statesville and Mt. Airy for the purpose of obtaining stock subscriptions to the Statesville Air Line Railroad.

"Several of our exchanges in the western part of the District are already devoting much attention to the Congressional nomination. Charlotte will contribute five, in the persons of Cols. Wm. Johnston, Chas. R. Jones, H. C. Jones, and Majors W. J. Yates and C. Dowd.—*Lumberton Robesonian.*

The Beaver Dam Mine in Montgomery county, about twenty-five miles from Lexington, has recently been started by the purchasers, who are Gen. J. A. Garfield, of Ohio, Judge Jackson and Mr. Flagg, the two last are lawyers in Washington City. They have the best hydraulic works now in operation.

In the Charlotte District, Col. Steele, the present Democratic member to Congress, is expected to step down and out, and the number of citizens who have expressed a willingness to take his place are numbered by the dozen, and not over half the district has been heard from at that. The one thing needed to arouse "patriotism" in the average Democrat is a good fat office.—Winston *Republican.*

Mr. F. B. Alexander writes to the Piedmont *Press* that "during the past year since I have been merchandising in Charlotte, I have bought and sold flour manufactured in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, Virginia and from various places in our own state. But I have found no flour for the same amount of money, that gives such general satisfaction to the trade and to the consumers, as the grades put up at the excellent mills near Hickory, in Catawba and Caldwell counties.

DIRECTORY OF LODGES.

MASONIC.—(WHITE.)

St. John's Lodge No. 1, F & A M, meet last Thursday evening of each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Lodge 319, F & A M, meets 1st Tuesday in each month, at Masonic Hall

Concord Chapter No 1, R A M, meets 3d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Council No. 4, R and O M, meet 2d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Commandery No. 1, K T, meets 2d Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Carolina Lodge 434, meet 1st and 3d Mondays in each month, at Odd Fellows Hall.

I. O. O. F.

Cape Fear Lodge No 2, meets every Tuesday evening.

Orion Lodge No 67, meets every Wednesday evening.

Campbell Encampment No. 1, meets 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

Rebecca Lodge meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month.

Wilmington Degree Lodge meets 2d and 4th Thursday evening of each month.

I. O. B. B.

North State Lodge No. 222, meet 1st and 3d Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

O. K. S. B.

Manhattan Lodge No 158, meets 2d and 4th Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Cornelius Harnett Council No 231, meets 2d and 4th Monday evening of each month.

The above Lodges meet at Odd Fellows Hall on Third between Princess and Chestnut streets.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Meets every Monday at Castle Hall, on Third street.

Germania Lodge No. 4, meets every Thursday evening at Castle Hall.

Endowment Rank No. 221, meet 2d Friday in each month, at Castle Hall,

I. O. O. G. T.

Wilmington Lodge No. 61, meets every Wednesday evening, at Temperance Hall, on Third street.

I. O. R. M.

Wyoming Tribe No. 4, meets every Tuesday evening, at their Hall on Prince s between front and Second streets.

MASONIC—(COLORED.)

Mt. Nebo Lodge meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, on Sixth between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Gibiem Lodge, meet 2d and 4th Monday in each month, corner Eighth and Princess streets.

G. U. O. O. F.

Free Love Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, corner Dock and Water sts

Golden Lyre Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner Market and Water streets.

I. O. OF G. S. AND D. S.

Queen Esther meets every Monday evening.

Star of Liberty, meets every Tuesday evening.

Ingenious, meets every Tuesday evening

Union, meets every Wednesday evening

Loying Union, meet every Wednesday evening.

Damon and Pythias, meet every Thursday evening.

Fidelity, meet every Friday evening.

The above Lodges occupy the second and third stories in the west end, of Evans's building, on Princess street.

Mt Zion, meets 1st and 2d Monday in each month, corner second and Princess streets

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine apl 19-1y

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. apl 19-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONE OF, IF NOT THE LARGEST STOCKS OF WHOLESALE GROCERIES OFFERED FOR SALE IN THE State of North Carolina, CAN BE FOUND AT

ADRIAN & VOLLERS

Southeast Corner Dock and Front Streets, Wilmington, N. C.

☞Orders and Purchasers Solicited. july 7 tf

Flour, Sugar, Meat, Molasses.

1000 Bbls FLOUR, of various brands.

250 Bbls SUGAR, of sundry grades

150 Boxes MEAT, Hams, Shoulders Sides, Strips, Bellies.

200 Hhds and Bbls MOLASSES

Call on or order direct from

dec 21 tf ADRIAN & VOLLERS

THE PURCELL HOUSE

HAS PASSED INTO THE HANDS OF the undersigned, has been newly furnished throughout, and, as heretofore, will be run strictly as a

First-Class Hotel!

Board reduced as follows: $2 50 and $3 per day; With Rooms, per month, $35; Table Board, per month $25.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars ALWAYS ON HAND AT

Regular City Prices.

We hope to see all the old patrons of the house and ALL THEIR FRIENDS, promising them that no pains shall be spared to please all.

Jan 18. COBB BROS., Proprietors.

SOL BEAR & BROS.,

18, 20 MARKET ST.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC, AT the LOWEST NET PRICES,

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCKS OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

Boots,

Shoes,

Hats,

Caps and

Dry Goods,

Carpeting,

Blankets,

&c., &c.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. dec 21 tf.

FOR SALE.

135 Acres of Land in Bladen County, one and a half miles from the Cape Fear River, Prospect Hill landing.

25 Acres of open Land, produces Corn, Cotton, and is in splendid condition.

Dwelling and out Houses in good condition.

3,000

Cords of Pine wood can be cut on this tract of Land.

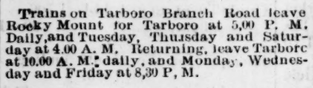
Parties wishing to purchase will please apply to A. McDONALD, Prospect Hill, Bladen County N. C. tf.

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

At the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N. Y. Next term begins Sept. 18. The Annual Register for 1878 contains a list of the graduates for the past 32 years, with their positions, with terms of study, requirements for admission, expenses, &c. Address, WM. H. YOUNG, Treasurer. jy 2 1m

RAIL ROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R Company.



OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday June 15th 1879, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at	7:10 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at	1:10 P. M,
Leave Weldon at	3:32 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at	9:53 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at	8:40 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at	3.50 A M
Leave Weldon daily, at	2 13 A M
Arrive at Wilmington Front St Depot at	8.45 A M

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5.00 P. M., Daily, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4.00 A. M. Returning, leave Tarboro at 10.00 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8.30 P. M.

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North *via* Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily *via* Richmond and all-rail route

Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond,

Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

je 15—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Sunday, June 15th, the following schedule will be run on this road:

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN—(Daily.)

Leave Wilmington	9.05 A. M
Arrive Florence	1.25 P. M
Leave Florence	3.50 P M
Arrive at Wilmington	8.20 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily)

Leave Wilmington	10.13 P M
Leave Florence	2.50 A M
Arrive at Columbia	9.00 A. M
Leave Columbia	6.00 A M
Leave Florence at	2.55 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington	6.50 A M

This Train stops only at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion.

Passengers for Augusta (via Columbia), should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

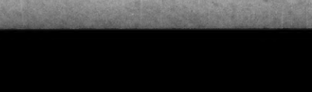
Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Augusta;

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen. Sup't.

je 13—tf.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 16, 1879.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, 16th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at	6.30 A. M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	2.00 P. M
	Charlotte at	8.15 A. M
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at	8.30 A. M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	2.00 P. M
	Wilmington at	10.00 P. M

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS

No. 9.	Leave Charlotte	7.00 A. M.
	Arrive at Shelby	11.15 A. M.
No. 10.	Leave Shelby	12.45 P. M
	Arrive at Charlotte	5.00 P. M

The above Trains have Passenger accommodations, and are the only ones permitted to carry Passengers.

V. Q. JOHNSON, Chief Engineer and Superintendent. dec 21

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS $140 TO $400.

All new, and strictly first-class, and sold at the lowest net cash wholesale factory prices, direct to the purchaser. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the HIGHEST HONORS—over 12,000 in use. Regularly incorporated Manufacturing Co.—Factory established over 37 years. The Square Grands contain Mathushek's new patent Duplex Overstrung Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The Uprights are the Finest in America. Pianos sent on trial. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue of 48 pages—mailed free.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., 21 East 15th Street, N. Y. apr. 13—6m.

N. GREENWALD.

DEALER IN DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED

CIGARS AND SNUFFS,

North Carolina and Virginia Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,

PIPE SMOKERS ARTICLE, &c.

"Indian Girl" Cigar Store.

NO. 26 MARKET STREET, dec 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORHŒA.

THE "SEMINAL PASTILLE"

SHAPE & SIZE OF A SEMINAL PASTILLE.

A Valuable Discovery in New Departure in Medical Science, as entirely safe, and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct application to the principal seat of the Disease, acting by its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and refreshing effect upon the sexual and nervous organization, checked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and strong memory, removing the Dizziness of Sights, Nervousness, Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Etc. Etc. and the appearance of premature old age, usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect (Seminal) Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much resorted to by these troubled, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no mistake about this Preparation, Practical observation enables me to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.——During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession as the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon which quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, enough to last a month, and sent in a plain wrapper by mail sealed for $2——two boxes, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure unless incurable cases) $3——Three boxes lasting three full months, will stop emissions, and restore vigor, in the worst cases, $5——Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any address. Sold ONLY by the

HARRIS REMEDY CO., MF'G CHEMISTS. Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dec 8—t.

BOOKS For the MILLION

WOMAN MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Woman sought, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, compatible and incompatible, Sterility in women, cause and treatment, Advice to bridegroom, Advice to husbands, Advice to wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celebacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Continence, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, in male and female, Science of reproduction, Single life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their causes and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed for 50 cents.

"The Private Medical Adviser,"

on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical decay, Dimness of sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc. making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; same size, over 60 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice,"

a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one neatly bound volume, $1. They contain 600 pages and over 100 Illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in another work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced Physician of many years practice, (as is well known) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from imparities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.—Send in single volumes, or complete in one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 N. 6th St., St. Louis, Mo. (Established 1847.)

(DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their names and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage. Not a Truss.)

december 8—tf

DR. A. G. OLIN

Private Hospital, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. Specialty, all Private, Chronic and Female Diseases. Consultation free. Ladies and Gentlemen, send one dollar for samples of best rubber goods, and valuable information by express. Reliable Female Pills, $5 per box. Private home and nurse for Ladies during confinement.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A new work, price 50 cents by mail. Mysteries of Nature, Physiology of Marriage, Organs of Generation, Diseases of Youth and Manhood; a wealth of choice and valuable information, of interest to both sexes. Nothing offensive to good taste and refinement. Information never before published. No family should be without it. Address, Dr. A. G. OLIN, 203 Clark St.

dec —tf

OPIUM and MORPHINE habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless. No publicity. Send stamp for full particulars. Dr. Collins, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE CHEAP. HOUSES AND LOTS. OR BUILDING LOTS. IN DESIRABLE LOCATIONS. Apply to W. P. CANADAY.

GOLD Great chance to make money If you can't get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and fastest selling family publications in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over $130 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 60 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive Outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine. aug 11-1m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

B. D. MORILL,

Undertaker, Carpenter and Cabinet Maker.

ON PRINCESS STREET

In the basement of the old Journal Building.

WILL FURNISH COFFINS, CASKETS, with attendance, at the very shortest notice.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Orders for Carpenter and Cabinet Work solicited, and work guaranteed.

Work as low as any in the city. jan 18-tf.

ORGANS.

A LARGE LOT OF FINE REED AND PIPE TOP ORGANS JUST RECEIVED

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS, NEW ENGLAND ORGANS, BURDETT ORGANS, and JUBILEE ORGANS,

For sale at

HEINSBERGER'S

Live Book and Music Store.

may 10—tf.

OLD, TRIED, AND TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 35 years, until now it encircles the habitable globe.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast.

To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable.

A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep.

It cures foot-rot, hoof-all, hollow horn, grub, screw-worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.

It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swinny, sprains, founder, wind-gall, ring-bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to Miners.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscle to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

february 1 1y R

BLACKSMITH AND HORSE-SHOEING.

I HAVE OPENED A SHOP AT THE corner of Market and Seventeenth streets, where I am prepared to shoe horses and mules, repair carts, wagons, buggies and carriages—both wood and iron work. I hope my old friends will remember me when they have any work in my line. I guarantee satisfaction in price and quality of work. RICHARD WATERS.

feb 1 tf

Rogers' Extra Early Peas.

FOR EARLINESS AND SUPERIOR quality cannot be excelled. White Marrow fat, Black Eye and other good varieties.—Early Snap Beans, Cabbage, Tomatoes, Radish Seed, Potatoes, and a general assortment of Vegetable and Field Seed of reliable quality, at low prices. (Catalogues sent by mail.) Special attention to orders by mail. C. B. ROGERS, Seed Grower, dec. 29 133 Market St., Phila.

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co Augusta, Maine. apl 19-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE

HOMELESS.

HOUSES AND LOTS

FOR SALE CHEAP.

TREMENDOUS excitement over the great reduction and splendid terms offered to buyers of real estate by W. P. CANADAY.

EXAMINE THE LOCATIONS.

A Large 8 Room House corner of 4th and Walnut streets, opposit Col. H. H. Munson's.

A Six Room House on 7th and Walnut streets, the highest part of Wilmington with a splendid view and good water.

SIX Room House on Castle between 6th and 7th streets. Premises complete.

HOUSE and Lot on Dickerson between Rankin and Miller streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 4th street between Queen and Wooster streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th between Castle and Queen streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Brunswick between 6th and 7th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Market between 13th and 14th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Queen between 10th and 11th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th between Harnett and Nixon streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th adjoining the above.

HOUSE and Lot on Church between 8th and 9th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th street near Red Cross street—House new.

HOUSE and Lot next to and adjoining the above—House old.

HOUSE and Lot on Dudley between 9th and 10th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 11th between Church and Castle streets.

I HAVE OTHER BUILDINGS IF THE ABOVE WILL NOT SUIT.

SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS.

AND IN

EXCELLENT LOCALITIES.

LOT on Brunswick between 2nd and 3rd streets—45x100 feet.

LOT next to and adjoining the above—45x100 feet.

THESE Lots are within one Block of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad shops, and within two Blocks of the Carolina Central Railroad Depot. If none of the above or following will suite, I have others that I will sell.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY LOTS,

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY splendid Building Lots between Market and Princess streets, and Seventeenth and Twentieth streets, in the most beautiful part of Wilmington.

ALSO 120 LOTS.

One Hundred and Twenty Lots between Princess and Chestnut streets and 17th and 20th streets.

120 LOTS MORE.

One Hundred and Twenty Lots between Chestnut and Mulberry treets, and 17th and 20th sts.

The size of the above Lots is 30 by 75 feet each.

Good Farming Land.

100 Acres of Good Farming Land in Pender county.

A Small Farm in Brunswick county on Town Creek.

THE above property will be sold very cheap for cash, or on terms that will suit the purchaser. NOW is the time to PURCHASE a home for your family. Do not continue to pay high rent and die poor, but buy while you can. The rent you pay will buy you a home of your own, and when you are old you will be thankful you had such an opportunity.

W. P. CANADAY.

may 10—tf On Princess between Front and Second streets.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1879.

JOINT MEETING OF THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE AND COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.—At a joint meeting of the Justices of the Peace and Commissioners of the County of New Hanover, held Monday last, Col. Wm. L. Smith was appointed Chairman and Justice Cowan, Secretary, after which the following was enacted:

Resolved, That for the year 1879 the following estimate, proposed by the County Commissioners for taxes, be and the same is hereby levied on all property in this county, real, personal and mixed, and polls subject to tax, as follows:

For general expenses of the county government, 42 cents on the hundred dollars, and $1.26 on each taxable poll.

For maintenance of Criminal Court, 18 cents on the hundred dollars, and 54 cents on each taxable poll

For payment of past due bonds and interest, 30 cents on the $100.

For payment of interest on bonds not matured 5 cents on the $100, and 15 cents on the poll.

All of which were adopted by the meeting, and also the following:

Resolved, That the Board of Commissioners, in so greatly reducing the expenses of the county during the first year of their administration, is entitled to the thanks and increased confidence of the citizens of New Hanover county.

Estimate of matured bonds, $15,500; new bonds, $30,700. Estimate for general expenses, $32,000.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—The Board met in regular session at 2½ o'clock monday afternoon, present Col. W. L. Smith, Chairman, and Commissioners H. A. Bagg, J. A. Montgomery, A. J. Grady and B. G. Worth.

The Treasurer made his several reports for the month of July as follows: Special fund showing a balance due Treasurer of $161 30.

Eleven coupons of the denomination of $15 each were delivered to the board and four coupons of $3 each were also delivered and the whole of the coupons destroyed in the presence of the Board.

Retail liquor licenses were granted the following named persons for three months: J D Steljes, C H Wessel, H A Glaymeyer, Geo L Schutte, J D H Klander, Mary Davis, N M Moody, D Steljes, EW Dosher, A Rush, J E Oldenbuttle, Wm Ulrich, J M Bremer, J W Duls, Geo F Colin, K Hullen, C Stemmerman, J F Stolter, R J Scarborough, L Vollers, Jno W Gerdts, Jno O'Brien, C Schulken, Delia Bryson, C Michaels, Sarah Meyer, Jno Carroll, R F Eyden, W H Grotgen.

The Register reported the amount of fees for the month of July due the county for marriage licenses as $9.50. Ordered received and placed on file.

On motion the Board adjourned to meet the fourth Monday in August at 2½ o'clock.

ORDERED, That all persons are hereby prohibited from allowing their cows or their beasts to run at large within the city limits, and all cows or other cattle beasts found running at large, in violation of this ordinance, shall be impounded be the Chief of Police and advertised, and the owners may redeem and recover the same upon paying a fine of $2 50 and all expenses of impounding, advertising and feeding the said cows or other cattle beasts.

Resolutions offered by Alderman Lowrey, in regard to bills of Henry Green and J. E. Campbell was referred to the Committee on Streets and Wharves.

Report of the Superintendent of Health was read and ordered on file.

Report of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department was read and ordered on file.

BOARD OF ALDERMAN:—The Board of Alderman met in regular monthly session yesterday afternoon.

The Special Committee to whom was referred the proposition of Walker Meares, Esq, to take the census of the city, made the following report:

By and with the consent of the Board of Audit and Finance, we recommend that the Board of Alderman allow Mr. Walker Meares ($100) one hundred dollars for compiling a correct census of the city.

On motion of Alderman Flanner, the report was received and adopted.

Committee on Police reported in the matter of codifying the Laws and Ordinances, that Messrs. DuBrutz Cutlar and F. H. Darby would do the work for three hundred dollars.

On motion of Alderman Flanner, the report of the Committee was received and adopted.

Committee on Fire Department reported progress

Special Committee on the claim of A Oldham was called, and were not ready to report, whereupon they were granted further time.

Alderman Flanner asked to be excused from further service on the Committee, and the Mayor stated that if no objection was made he would excuse Flanner and take his place himself.

No objection being made, Alderman Flanner was excused, and Mayor Fishblate was put in his place.

Finance Committee reported progress on rate taxation.

The following amendment to the Dog Ordinance was adopted:

ORDERED, That the ordinances of the city of Wilmington in relation to dogs passed May 13th, 1878, be and they are hereby so amended as to provide that all dogs in the city of Wilmington be subject to the usual tax on dogs, viz: one and three dollars, and the police are hereby authorized and empowered, under the direction of the Mayor and Chief of Police, to ferret out all dogs within the aforesaid limits, and to enter such private lots or premises as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying out the requirments of this ordinance, in order that all dogs in the city of Wilmington, whether running at large or otherwise, shall be taxed.

Committee on Streets and Wharves reported progress.

Alderman Bowden offered the following resolution, which, on motion, was laid over till the next regular meeting for final action.

The Board having carefully considered the petition of Mr. Henry Nutt, asking to be relieved from the judgment rendered by the city against him as one of the sureties on the official bond of J. C. Mann, late Clerk of the Superior Court, and being satisfied that the Board have no right or authority to grant such request; therefore,

Resolved, That the said matter be not further considered by the Board, and that the same be remitted into the hands of the attorney who has it in charge.

The Mayor stated that the owner of the wharf now used by the city on which to land ballast, was desirous of renting it out to the city.

Alerman Bowden moved that the city rent the wharf from Mr. Walker for one year, at $300 per annum, 1st October, 1879. Carried.

Communication from Capt. Joseph Price, Harbor Master, was read and referred to the committee on Streets and Wharves.

An ordinance in relation to cows was passed, as follows:

MAYOR'S COURT.—Jno. Brodie, colored, for disorderly conduct, submitted and paid the cost.

Mary E. Thompson, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was fined $5 and costs or ten days in city prison. She went to the berth below.

Wm. Heide, Davis Martin, Abram Bell, Henry Smith, and Alpheus Dennis, five white sailors, were arrested last night by officer Nelson, Woebse and Teitgen and arranged this morning for disorderly conduct, such as loud and boisterous swearing and cursing; abusing the police in the neighborhood of Paddy's Hollow.

It appering in the evidence that the first named prisoner was not guilty, he was discharged. Alpheus Dennis being found more guilty than the others was required to pay a fine of $20 or go below for thirty days.

The three remaining defendants, Davis, Matten, Abram Bell and Henry Smith were sentenced to pay a fine of $10 each or given the alternate of going to the C. P. for thirty days. They all went below.

The case of Lewis Green, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was again continued, on account of sickness of the defendant.

Lewis Dudly, colored, charged with disoderly conduct, was sentenced to pay a fine of $1.50—or be locked up for five days. The defendant ponied up three silver half-dollars and turned his back on the Court.

A case of assault was disposed of by imposing a fine of $5—which the defendant walked up to the Captain's office and settled immediately.

Julius Jackson, Thomas Tit, and John Gurley, three little colored vagrants, were sent to the lock-up for ten days to feast on bread and water during the time of their incarceration.

Wm. Borden, Samuel Stokes and Frank Farrinfrow, who were arrested last night for sleeping in the streets, and failing to give a satisfactory account of themselves, were sent below for five days. This finished the business on the docket and Court adjourned for the day.

Fanny Gore was again on the rampage in the "Hollow" last night and was taken to the lock-up. This morning the *pro temp.* said $1 or five days and the Queen went below.

Jno. Smith, colored, for being drunk and disorderly and making an indecent exposure of his person, was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 or be imprisoned for thirty days, and the namesake of the illustrious man whom Pocahontas saved from Powhattan's club was forced to go below.

BLADEN COUNTY, July 10th, 1879.

EDITOR OF THE POST:—I am well pleased at the stand you take in your valuable paper in regard to the appointment of Democrats to office by a Republican administration. I have always been of the opinion that the Republican party was a great national party, founded on justice, honor, equal rights and full protection for life, liberty and property, and under these circumstances I have always voted with, and worked for, it. But lately I am compelled to think there is at least something wrong about it. There cannot certainly be any scarcity of men who have sense enough to fill an office, or the heads of the different departments who have the filling of these under offices are not Republicans, or can be bought, or they think that the party is composed entirely of ignoramus or cornfield hands. I am not personally acquainted with Lords Terrell and Thompson, but am much of the opinion that they are both obtained by money enough to make them think that there are no men fit for them to appoint to office except Democrats. But should the Democratic party succeed in electing a President in 1880, they will soon have the lions skin removed from them, which will reveal their true character. How is it possible or how and where is the wisdom in a party to throw aside all its hard working, honest, true friends and promote their enemies? I have heard from the Republican party what I never heard in the old Whig party, and never heard a Democrat say such a thing in my life, that is: when hundreds apply to a newly elected representative government or other offices that have sub-offices to let, "I must give the places to a Democrat, and again, this to a Democrat, for you are one of my party and you are all right, and it may help me again if I run, by filling these offices with Democrats." Well, does it do it? No. They use the office they hold under him to beat him next election, and his old friends become quite careless whether he is elected again or not, for we consider that it is just as well for us to have a Democrat in office, and all his subs the same, as to have the name without the substance, and have to bear the responsibility as a party for all their actions.

We look to these high in power, officially, to have this thing put an end to some way. Cannot you, and your friends of the true Republican party, get Mr. Hayes to notice these officials, and remove them from office, and place honest, true Republicans in their places? There are enough good and true men, well qualified, who could and would take the places of Lords Terrell and Thompson. If something is not done to put a stop to it, it will be felt in a large falling off of the Republican party here and elsewhere.

Your correspondent from Tarboro, who goes for Sherman, Settle, Bill Smith and Seymore; I will willingly support if nominated, but would suggest Sherman and O. H. Dockery. I say Sherman first, for there is no weak-kneedism about him. Dockery, for Vice President, because he is a man of more ability than Settle; he has served us with honor and ability in all the places it has been our good fortune to place him. He is a true Republican, and an honest, upright gentleman in every respect, and comes from the country, from the farm, and knows all our wants as poor, hardworking men, and will do all he can for our advancement, socially, morally and politically, and a thousand other reasons which I could name, that entitles him to the honor, but I have not the time. I am opposed to Settle on account of his action in swearing in the bogus members of the Convention, of Robeson county, when he knew such to be the case.

Respectfully, &c.,

BLADEN.

NEW ADVERTISEENMTS.

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

dec 8.—1y

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted.—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO. Augusta, Me. may 25 1y

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

August 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened weak at 25½ cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported of 585 casks at 25½ cents.

ROSIN—The market opened quiet at $1 02½ for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Strained. Sales of 500 bbls Strained and 250 do Good Strained at $1 05@ $1 10 per bbl.

TAR.—Market was firm at $1 02½ per bbl, of 280 lbs, the receipts of the day being disposed of at that price.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10 "	"
S. Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling	11 "	"
Middling	11¼ "	"
Good Middling	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	3 bales
Spirits turpentine	625 casks
Rosin	1,637 bbls
Tar,	5 bbls
Crude turpentine	342 bbls

August 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was firm at 25½ cts per gallon, for country packages, with sales reported of 50 casks at 25½ cents, closing quiet and steady.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 02½ for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Stained, with no sales reported in these grads. Sales of fine rosins as follows: 36 bbls Low Pale at $2 50, 38 do Pale at $3 50 and 11 do Low Pale to Pale at $3 75@$3 24 per bbl.

TAR—Market for this article was firm, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 02½ per bbl, of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article opened steady with a slight decline.—The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cents	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10¼ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling,	11¼ "	"
Good Middling.	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	— bales
Spirits Turpentine	580 casks
Rosin,	1136 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude Turpentine	511 bbls

August 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market for this article opened steady at 25½ cents per gallon for counry packages, with sales reported of 500 casks at that figure.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 02½ for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Strained, with sales reported of 500 bbls Strained at $1 2½ and 500 do Good Strained at $1 07½. Sales of fine rosins, as follows: 40 bbls Good No 2 at $1 25, 11 Extra No 2 at $1 35, 65 do Low No 1 at $1 60, 38 do Pale $3 50, and 80 do Extra Pale at $3 62½ per bbl.

TAR.—The market opened firm at $1 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with no receipts or sales to report.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip, and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—The market for this article opened. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10¼ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling,	11¼ "	"
Good Middling.	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	10 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	566 casks
Rosin,	2,303 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude Turpentine.	199 bbls

August 6

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened steady at 25½ cents per gallon for regular packages, with sales reported of 60 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was dull at $1 02½ for Strained, $1 07½ for Good Strained, closing at $1 05 offered for Good Strained and sales of 300 bbls at that price.

TAR—Market was steady at $1 02½ per bbl of 280 lbs, with no receipts or sales.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Sales reported of 96 bbls at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 Virgin, market steady:

COTTON—The market opened steady. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10¼ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling	11¼ "	"
Good Middling,	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	3 bales
Spirits turpentine,	40 casks.
Rosin,	309 bbls.
Tar,	— "
Crude turpentine,	96 "

August 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened quiet at 25 cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported 700 casks at 25 cents.

ROSIN.—The market was quiet at $1 02½ for Strained and $1 07½ for Good Strained. We hear of sales of 500 bbls Strained at $1 02½ per bbl.

TAR.—Market was firm, the receipts of the day were sold at $1 02½ per bbl, of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market for this article was unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was steady and nominal at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	—cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10¼ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling,	11¼ "	"
Good Middling.	— "	"

August 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened dull, at 25 cents per gallon for country packages, with small sales reported of city distilled at that price.

ROSIN—The market was steady at $1 00 for Strained, $1 05 for Good Strained. Sales reported of fine rosins as follows: a mixed lot of 28 bbls at $1 25, and 53 bbls at $2 25 for Extra No 1, $3 00 for Low Pale, $3 25@ $3 37½ for Pale and $3 50 for Extra Pale.

TAR.—Market was firm at $1 02½ per bbl., of 280 lbs, with sales of 50 bbls in order at $1 0½ per bbl.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 75 Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON.—The market was steady and nominally unchanged. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary	10¼ "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	11 "	"
Middling,	11¼ "	"
Good Middling,	— "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	— bales
Spirits Turpentine	150 casks
Rosin,	360 bbls
Tar,	50 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	409 bbls

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

The following is the stock of Cotton and Naval Stores in yard and afloat at the Port Wilmington N. C., Aug. 1, 1879.

Cotton in yard, bales	153	
" afloat,	000	—153
Spirits Turpt. in yrd cks,	4,874	
" "	1,186	—6,060
Rosin in yard, bbls.	66,147	
" afloat,	3,922	—70,069
Tar in yard, bbls,	10,796	
" afloat,	536	—11,332
Crude Turpt. in yrd, bbls	1,706	
" afloat,	30	—1,736

Receipts for the Month ending Aug. 1st, 1879.

Cotton	51 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	14,170 casks
Rosin,	38,763 bbls
Tar,	141 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	12,663 bbls

Exports for the Month ending Aug. 1st, 1879—Domestic.

Cotton,	165
Spirits Turpentine,	237
Rosin,	1,684
Tar,	2,206
Crude Turpentine,	130

Foreign.

Cotton,	—
Spirits Turpentine,	13,866
Rosin,	51,659
Tar,	2,885
Crude Turpentine,	130

Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., August 0, 1879.

BARQUES.

Valkyraen, Nor, Olsen, R E Heide
Onkel, Ger, Wallenstein, E Peschau & Westermann
Condor, Nor, Neilsen, R E Heide
Kate Bousfrild, Br, Williams, C P Mebane
Marie, Permien, E Peschau & Westermann
Fingal (Nor.) Paulensen, R E Heide
Fritz Von Der Lancken (Ger.) Frieze, E. Peschau & Westermann
Indiana, Pr, Evans, C P Mebane

BRIGS.

G C Michels, Ger, Ditwitz, E Peschau & Westermann
Thor, Sweed, Pederssen, R E Heide
Lienen, Ger, Dees, E Peschau & Westermann

SCHOONERS.

Maud Seward, Tall, Master,
Hattie Turner, McIntire, J. H. Chadbourn & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Sea-sickness, and other Disorders. The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS VALUE

may 18—1y.

SPIRIT OF THE SOUTH,

AN INDEPENDENT FAMILY NEWSPAPER, devoted to news, politics, literature, &c.

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HAS BY FAR THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY OTHER PAPER PUBLISHED IN THE PEE DEE COUNTRY.

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One copy one year $1 00
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One copy three months 25

W. M. TERRY, Editor and Proprietor.

sept 21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Free Love Lodge No. 1469, G. U. of O. F.

H. J. WHITEHEAD, N G
W. T. HALL, V G
A. J. JONES, P N F
E. M. GREEN, S
T. F. HALL, Treasurer
JOS. WILL, P S
H. G. MARSHALL, P M G
JNO. PAILLIN, I G
P. H. MARLEY, Warden
J. K. CUTLAR, Chaplain

Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Dock and Water sts. may 18—tf

Golden Lyre Lodge No. 1608 G. U. of O. F.

JOHN W. AVERY, N G
GODFREY WILLIS, V G
E. A. DUDLEY, P N G
J. M. SLOAN, S
P. W. LAWRENCE, Treasurer
A. A. DUDLEY, P S
W. H. MARSTELLAR, P N G
MORRIS MCFARLAND, I G
THOS. MILLER, Warden
ALEX. ELLISON, Chaplain
L. H. DAVIS, Marshal

Regular meetin 1st and 3d Monday night in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Market and South Water streets. may 18—tf

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Of Western North Carolina

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Leave Columbia..... 10:30 A M
Arrive Spartanburg..... 3:10 P M
Arrive Hendersonville..... 6:10 P M
Arrive Asheville..... 10:20 P M

24 HOURS WILMINGTON TO ASHEVILLE!

To connect with this very attractive Schedule Passengers can leave—

Weldon..... 3:32 P M
Wilson..... 5:02 P M
Tarboro..... 6:00 A M
Newbern..... 5:41 A M
Goldsboro..... 6:36 P M
Magnolia..... 8:00 P M

For Tickets, Time Cards, Engagement o Sleeping Car Accommodations, &c., &c. enquire of Agents at the Stations named, or of the undersigned.

A. POPE,
Je 15 tf General Passenger Agent.

D. M. DART.

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Per month	25 00
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Shelby, N. C., March 18th, 1879.

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WADESBORO, N. C.
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE SUN FOR 1879.

The SUN will be printed every day during the year to to come. Its purpose and method will will be the same as in the past: To present all the news in a readable shape and to tell truth though the heavens fall.

The SUN has been, is, and will continue to be independent of everybody and everything save the Truth and and its own convictions of duty. That is the only policy which an honest newspaper need have.—That is the policy which has won for this newspaper the confidence and friendship of a wider constituency than was ever enjoyed by any other American Journal.

The SUN is the newspaper for the people. It is not for the rich man against the poor man, or for the poor man against the rich man, but it seeks to do equal justice to all interests in the community. It is not the organ of any person, class, sect or party. There need be no mystery about its lovs and hates. It is for the honest man against the rogues every time. It is for the honest Democrat as against the dishonest Republican, and for the honest Republican as against the dishonest Democrat. It does not take its cue from the utterances of any politician or political organization. It gives its support unreservedly when men or measures are in agreement with the Constitution and with the principles upon which this Republic was founded for the people. Whenever the Constitution and Constitutional principles are violated—as in the outrageous conspiracy of 1876, by which a man not elected was placed in the President's office, where he still remains—it speaks out for the right. That is the SUN'S idea of independence. In this respect there will be no change in its programme for 1879.

The SUN has fairly earned the hearty hatred of rascals, frauds, and humbugs of all sorts and sizes. It hopes to deserve that hatred not less in the year 1879 than in 1878, 1877, or any yerr gone by. The SUN will continue to shine on the wicked with unmitigated brightness.

While the lessons of the past should be constantly kept before the people. The SUN does not propose to make itself in 1879 a magazine of ancient history. It is printed for the men and women of to-day, whose concern is chiefly of to-day. It has both the disposition and the ability to afford its readers the promptest, fullest, and most accurate intelligence of whatever in the wide world is worth attention. To this end the resources belonging to well-established prosperity will be liberally employed.

The present disjointed condition of parties in this country, and the uncertainty of the future, lend an extraordinary significance to the events of the coming year. The discussions of the press, the debates and acts of Congress, and the movements of the leaders in every section of the Republic will have a direct bearing on the Presidential election of 1880—an event which must be regarded with the most anxious interest by every patriotic American, whatever his political ideas or allegiance. To these elements of interest may be added the probability that the Democrats will control both Houses of Congress, the increasing feebleness of the fraudulent Administration and the spread and strengthening everywhere of a healthy abhorence of fraud in any form. To present with accuracy and clearness the exact situation in each of its varying phases, and to expound, according to its well-known methods, the principles that should guide us through the labyrinth will be an important part of the SUN'S work for 1879.

We have the means of making the SUN, as a political, a literary and a general newspaper, more entertaining and more useful than ever before; and we mean to apply them freely.

Our rates of subscription remain unchanged. For the DAILY SUN, a four page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, post-paid, is 55 cents a month, or $6.50 a year; or, including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or $7.70 a year, postage paid.

The Sunday edition of The SUN is also furnished separately at $1.20 a year, postage paid.

The price of the WEEKLY SUN, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is $1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending $10 we will send an extra copy free. Address

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Publishers of THE SUN, New York City.
mar. 25—tf.

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